

The La Crosse Tribune

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LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS

TWENTY THOUSAND ARE KILLED BY ITALIAN EARTHQUAKE

ECONOMY IS PLEA OF GOVERNOR E. L. PHILIPP IN HIS FIRST MESSAGE

Executive Tells Legislature at Its First Session That His Election Is Contract with the People to Reduce Expense

FAVORS ABOLITION OF THE REFERENCE BUREAU

In Slating So-called "Bill Factory" for the Ax He Makes Plea to Members to Cut the Number of the Statutes

OPPOSES THE PLANS FOR REFORESTRATION

Would Stop All Work Now in Progress and Would Sell Public Lands; Favors Amendments to Waterpower Law to Encourage Development

Demands substantial reduction of taxes. Expenditures of state government have increased from \$6,046,565 in 1900 to \$15,138,651 in 1914.

"My election is a contract with the people to reduce expenditures."

Closer adherence to constitutional government. Law to give governor some measure of supervision over expenditures of these bodies.

Transfer duties of income assessors to local assessor. Field work of tax commission to be cut down as much as possible.

Initial service under workmen's compensation act to be performed by county judge.

Abolish the legislative reference bureau.

Reduce the state fire insurance fund law.

Remodel present highway law.

Stop work of reforestation. Sell all agricultural lands in forest reserve area.

Increase tuition of non-resident students at state university.

Extend present system of county training schools.

Wipe out the school trust fund.

Fewer continuing appropriations.

New water power law that will encourage development.

Fewer laws; repeal many on the statute books.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—"The most important problem that confronts us at this time is to introduce economy in the management of our state affairs that will produce substantial reduction in state expenditures and make a reduction of taxes possible. The people demand retrenchment."

This is the keynote of the message delivered by Gov. Emanuel L. Philipp to both houses of the legislature today. The document is the shortest of the kind sent to a Wisconsin legislature in the last fourteen years.

He says he regards his election as a contract with the people to reduce the burdens, and says: "I propose to fulfill that promise so far as it is in the power of the executive to do so."

The word repeat appears in this message more frequently than in other messages. Viewed from an economic standpoint the most novel suggestion in Gov. Philipp's message is his proposal that boards and commissions should be made more directly responsible to the people.

He argues that the power of government should be more closely retained in the hands of its constitutionally elected officers. He says he has not been in office long enough to specify in detail just what agencies of government should be discontinued, but recommends retrenchment and consolidation, preserving the vital features of governmental control.

The governor takes a rap at too hasty and too much legislation. "This legislature can render the people a service by removing from the statute books a large number of the laws that are useless because public opinion does not support them," says the governor.

"People wish to be helped rather than hampered by government, and government will render them the best service when it confines its activities to those things for which government was created. In the past ten years this state has had a national reputation for so-called progressive legislation. Business men declare that we have been fighting business. The results of the last election clearly indicate that the people have reversed their policy in this respect and they now demand a government that will encourage rather than hamper the development of industry."

Gov. Philipp recommends the absolute repeal of Wisconsin's famed system of state fire insurance. He says that ten years' experience has demonstrated that state insurance on the basis on which it has been carried on is a failure. He disposes of the legislative reference library in one paragraph, asking that it

KAISER WATCHES GERMANS WIN BIG FIGHT AT VREGNY

German Attack North of Soisson Is Reported by Berlin to Have Been Complete Success

WESTENDE IS ENTIRELY LEVELLED

City on Belgian Coast Is Wiped Out by Fire of Allied Land Forces and Warships

TAKE MANY RUSSIAN PRISONERS

Russian Claims of Victory on East Front Are Denied in Toto at Berlin

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—Westende has been wiped off the map by the combined fire of the allied land forces and their warships. The monitors and torpedo boat which took part in the general shelling of this town and the surrounding positions were driven off by the fire of the German land batteries. The fighting in the north is said today to be confined to artillery duels along the sand dunes about Nieuport and to the southeast of Ypres.

German Victory

To the northeast of Soissons the German attack in force yesterday on the plateau of Vregny resulted in a complete German victory. The French were taken by surprise in a driving rain and their trenches carried. Fourteen French officers, 1,130 men, four cannon, four machine guns and a searchlight, were captured by the Germans. The official announcement as issued in reporting this success says: "This brilliant feat of arms took place under the eyes of the uppermost war lord."

To the northeast of Chalons, French attacks were repulsed yesterday and at Perthes, where the French carried a line of German trenches, counter-assaults by the Germans resulted in their being taken with heavy losses. Additional prisoners are reported to have been taken in the Argonne while the situation in the Vosges and Alsace is unchanged.

The war office in discussing the situation in the east takes issue with the Russian claims of distinct success in East Prussia. The Russian attack near Gumbinnen and East of Loetzen are declared to have been universally repulsed while hundreds of prisoners have been taken by the Germans. In the remainder of the eastern theater the situation is declared to show no change.

Hammer at Rheims

It was stated here today that the German bombardment of Rheims is being pushed with vigor. During yesterday 108 shells fell inside the French lines in the town, inflicting considerable damage.

WOULD ADD LAND TO COPELAND PARK

North Side Progressive League Would Move Goddard Cement Plant to Old Hans Factory

HOLD BUILDINGS ARE "EYE-SORE"

Would Build Archway on Corner if Goddard Company Accepts Plan to Move Plant

In an endeavor to secure the entire block bounded by St. James, St. Cloud and Mill streets as an addition to Copeland park, the North Side Progressive league last night appointed Henry Baum, Alfred Foster and Robert Lowry a committee to confer with L. M. Goddard and Company relative to the removal of the cement and tile plant of the company from the present site to the old sash and door factory at Hagar and Sumner streets, formerly occupied by the Hans Motor Equipment company.

The presence of the buildings at St. Cloud and Mill streets, members of the league held last night, "is an eye-sore to the park." The motion for the appointment of the committee was accompanied by the suggestion that an archway be built on the corner, provided the Goddard company accepts the plan of the league. It is understood that the company has for some time favored the proposition if a suitable new location could be found. The old Hans company site, the league maintained last night, would be better than the present location.

TAX COMMISSION WANTS CHANGES

State Body to Have Many Recommendations to the New Legislature

CHANGES IN AUTO TAXATION

Would Make Motor Vehicles Pay According to H. P. or Weight; Extend Home Rule

Changes Suggested
Assessment of all property at full value.
Elimination of waste in distribution of mill tax.
Exemption of all personal property from the tax roll.
Taxation of machinery attached to buildings with real estate.
Assessment of water, light and other public utilities immediately by the commission, where they lie in more than one district.
Taxation of motor vehicles by horsepower or weight.
Assessment of real estate once in four years.
Extension of home rule in taxation.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—The conferring upon counties, towns, cities and villages a limited measure of home rule in matters of taxation is one of the most important recommendations in the biennial report of the state tax commission. This plan would enable communities to exempt as they wish designated classes of property, and permit the difference to be placed upon other classes. It is approved in several counties in the north, where it is declared it would lead to a large increase in settlement by an added tax on unimproved lands held for speculation with an exemption in favor of lands in process of development. It is demanded in many communities in the southern part of the state, as a means of exempting industries to some extent so that they will be encouraged to come into the community.

The proposal is a step toward the much anathematized "single tax," but it has worked with excellent results in Oregon and in Winnipeg and other Canadian cities. A proposed amendment to the constitution to permit this change was passed by the last legislature for the first time and will be again introduced for passage in the present legislature before it is referred to the people.

In leading up to this proposal the commission report says: "Unfortunately, the very places in which the personal property is most important and the income tax least important, are those places in which land values are least affected by the influence which give rise to the so-called 'unearned increment'. In those jurisdictions real estate is least able to bear the entire burden of taxation."

"The amendment would leave such jurisdiction in limited control of its own taxes—the state to say what forms of property shall be subject to the state tax; the county to determine what forms of property shall be subject to county tax, and the towns and cities to decide what forms of property shall be subject to local taxation."

"It is believed that if this amendment is passed the legislature would not permit the complete exemption of any forms of property, but would authorize counties and municipalities to reduce the assessment of certain classes of property, say ten, twenty-five or perhaps fifty per cent."

The commission in its report shows the increase in the equality of taxation to all classes of people by the extension of the true value assessment. It points out the fact that under the present system of distributing the mill tax, certain counties are benefiting unfairly at the expense of others. It shows that the difficulty of fairly assessing personal property and the efficiency of the income tax makes it possible to drop the former.

PHILIPP NAMES AGENT

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—M. J. Cleary of Blanchardville, was this morning appointed claim agent in the executive office by Gov. Philipp. The position pays \$3,500 a year and expenses.

LOST!

Perhaps it's value is trifling, or perhaps it is something of great worth.

The Tribune want ads glad to bring thousands of hearts by bringing back lost articles to their owners.

A small want ad does it. Look in the "Lost and Found" columns tonight. Perhaps the very article that you lost or found may be advertised.

DEADLOCK ENDS IN SELECTION OF MILWAUKEEAN

E. T. Fairchild Is President of Senate with Munson and Andrews Officers

PROGRESSIVES ON COMMITTEES

Senator Bosshard Heads that on Corporations and Scott Committee on Finance

"HARMONY" IS WATCHWORD

Gov. Philipp Favored 'Deal' Because He Wanted the Members to Work Together

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—The organization of the legislature of 1915 was completed Wednesday night, when the senate, after a deadlock lasting all day, was organized by the selection of Senator E. T. Fairchild of Milwaukee as president pro tem; Col. O. G. Munson of Viroqua, chief clerk, and F. E. Andrews of Bloomer, sergeant-at-arms.

The committee appointed by the two opposing factions of the republican members of the senate, after sessions extending through the afternoon and early part of the night, finally succeeded in coming to an agreement satisfactory to both sides. This included the retention of the chairmanship of the committee on corporations by Senator Bosshard, who was chairman of the committee in 1913, and by Senator Scott of the chairmanship of the committee on finance, of which he was the head in 1913. It was further agreed that the old members should remain on the committees on which they had served in the session of 1913.

Agreement is Accepted
As an offset to these concessions on the part of administration men, La Follette senators agreed to give enough votes to carry through the administration slate of officers of the senate. They went further and voted solidly with the administration men for the nominees of the republican caucus.

It was not without hard work on both sides that the agreement reached by the committee was accepted by the members. There was much opposition to Senator Scott retaining his place at the head of the finance committee. This was taken up with Gov. Philipp, and the governor was willing to accept it on the ground that they were laying the foundation for two years and therefore there ought to be harmony, that legislation which would bring about the greatest good to the state as a whole might be passed.

With this endorsement the committee succeeded in getting a ratification from administration members. On the other side there was objection to giving up the officers of the senate by the La Follette men, but the committeemen claimed that in securing their old chairmanships they should be satisfied. At 8 o'clock both sides had accepted the provisions of the treaty and a half hour later it was ratified by the senate through the election of the administration slate of officers.

Fairchild on Fifth Ballot

When the senate was called to order at 8:30 Senator Bosshard withdrew the name of Senator Scott as a candidate for the position of speaker pro tem. On the fifth ballot, which followed, Senator Fairchild received the entire republican strength except that he voted for Senator Scott. The vote stood: Fairchild, 22; Bichler, democrat, 9. The senator was escorted to the chair and made a short address, voicing his thanks, after which Lieut. Gov. Dithmar took the gavel again.

Senator Perry moved the senate proceed to the nomination of chief clerk. Col. O. G. Munson was elected. Edwin C. Jones received the full democratic strength, 9 votes.

F. E. Andrews was elected sergeant-at-arms, receiving 23 votes. This was followed by a number of resolutions, the most important from an organization point of view, being one by Senator Tomkins providing for a committee to name senate committees and locate seats for senators.

The chairman of the five senate committees will be, in addition to those already named: Senator W. T. Stevens, state affairs; Senator Timothy Burke, judiciary; Senator M. W. Perry, education.

Adjourn to 10 O'clock

The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

ABANDON MORNING PAPER

WINNEPEG, Man., Jan. 14.—Asserting that afternoon newspapers are more profitable and more sweeping in their news scope, the Winnipeg Telegram today announced the discontinuance of their morning edition.

AVEZANNO AND MANY OTHER CITIES RAZED BY EARTH'S TREMOR

Railroad and Telegraphic Communication With Stricken Section is Destroyed and Facts of Disaster Are Not Available

BY ALICE ROHE
United Press Staff Correspondent

ROME, Jan. 14.—The death list in yesterday's earthquake in the province of Abruzzi was this evening placed at approximately 20,000 by the official reports.

Several trainloads of refugees reached this city during the afternoon. All brought heartrending tales of suffering and hardships in the various sections of which Avezzano is the center. They declare that practically every house in Avezzano and the surrounding district is in ruins and that hundreds of maimed and mutilated bodies can be seen in the ruins. The center of the earthquake zone, they declare, is in the Lake Fucino region, and there are not less than twenty cities and towns that have been completely destroyed.

Advices to the premier and the vatican say that between 20,000 and 30,000 persons are homeless and that all are suffering greatly. Although the troops are offering all of the assistance that they can give, additional supplies are very badly needed and this evening orders were issued to hold up all refugee trains, pending the moving of food, fuel and supplies.

In addition to the towns already reported as badly damaged, advices tonight show that the following cities and towns have been almost completely razed:

Antro Sano, Albe, Capelle, Cerchie, Celano, Capistrello, Castrenove, Paterno and St. Pelino.

Railroad and telegraphic communication with the stricken section is completely interrupted. Premier Salandra told his associates at the cabinet meeting that he feared the loss of life might reach 20,000 and that the disaster was second only to that at Messina.

At his suggestion an emergency fund of \$50,000 was set aside for immediate relief. At the same time the minister of war was instructed to send 2,500 additional troops to the aid of those sent into the department of Abruzzi and Potenza provinces yesterday. They will take tents and provisions for the use of the sufferers. In the meanwhile, the military engineers are endeavoring to restore communication and all of the medical officers of the army have been ordered into the stricken district to aid the private physicians already on the scene.

MAN WHOSE NOTE PRECIPITATED WAR QUILTS HIS OFFICE

Premier Count von Berchtold of Austria Resigns and Is Succeeded by Hungarian

HUNGARY HAD BEEN COMPLAINING

Has Protested that Austria Paid More Attention to Germany Than to Sister Nation

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Count Leopold von Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, whose note to Serbia precipitated the world war, has resigned.

His resignation has caused a sensation in diplomatic circles, as it was not dreamed he would quit while the war was in progress, for it was considered that such action might suggest that his policy had fallen into disfavor. More significant than his resignation, however, is the announcement that he is succeeded by a Hungarian, Baron Stephan Burian von Rejecz.

Hungary, while at one with Austria in regard to the principle of the war, has shown dissatisfaction with the manner in which it has been prosecuted. While Austro-Hungarian troops have been utilized to prevent a Russian invasion of Germany and even have been employed against France, Hungary has been left open to invasion.

In explaining the replacing of Premier Count von Berchtold by Baron Stephan Burian von Rejecz, former minister of the royal court in the Hungarian cabinet the government, in a statement issued today, declares there was no political significance in the move. Berchtold withdrew for personal reasons, it is stated, and the policies of the Austrian government will remain absolutely the same.

WHEAT TAKES THE HIGH HURDLE AGAIN

Jumps to \$1.43 3-8 in Chicago Pit and Thereby Sets Record for Highest Price in Many Years

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Wheat jumped to \$1.43 3-8 per bushel in the local pit today. It was the highest price reached here in many years for May options. The market closed, in great excitement with heavy bidding, at \$1.42 3-4. The lowest point touched during the day was \$1.40 1-2.

While details are still lacking the reports of the various officials in charge of the relief work show the following cities and towns affected:

Town of 10,000 Destroyed

Avezzano, thousands of the 10,000 inhabitants either killed or injured; town completely destroyed; death list in adjoining territory very large.

Aielli, 1,000 reported dead; 500 hurt, many fatally.

Arpino, 150 known dead, many hurt.

Albano, some dead, number unknown; town badly damaged.

Arriola, 40 reported dead.

Campo-Basso, partly wrecked, 20 known dead; rumored that many are buried in the ruins.

Ciprano, many houses destroyed; no loss of life yet reported.

Cors, partly demolished; no loss of life yet reported.

Cervetri, seven reported dead.

Filacciano, three reported dead.

Galiano, several dead in ruins of noted cathedral here; others reported buried in ruins of their homes; no details as yet obtainable.

Megliano, entire city reported demolished; feared death list will be large; no details obtainable.

Monte Rotondo, three known dead, including noted Professor Luigi Megnati.

Naples, none dead, many injured.

Potenza, 90 miles east of Naples, entire city reported very badly damaged; population about 20,000. None reported dead.

Pofi, 500 out of total population of 4,000 reported killed; town practically demolished.

Poppi, reported death list heavy; no details as yet obtainable.

Palestrino, five dead, many hurt.

Rome, none dead in city, but many hurt.

Ripi, 15 reported dead, many injured.

Sora, 100 reported dead; town reported completely wrecked.

Sarno, Sonnina, Subiaco and Sanvito, reported many injured in these towns but none dead.

Torres Cajenti, at least 150 believed to be dead and many injured.

Tivoli, one dead, many hurt.

Terra Chino, ten dead, many hurt.

Trevi and Torricia, many reported injured, none dead.

Viroli, two killed, forty injured.

Vallettri and Vicovaro, many injured, none known dead.

In Mountain Country

The first injured to arrive in Rome were brought in on a special train today. They had been brought from the outer edge of the stricken district. Doctors who accompanied them said that conditions were serious. The mountainous nature of the stricken country is retarding the efforts of the troops to get to the various villages and render relief. The highways are blocked at points and the railway lines are useless so that progress must of necessity be of the slowest. It is feared that this will increase the number of dead as many of the injured are believed to be in a serious condition.

The Rome authorities have taken steps to aid the homeless. Many of the vacant buildings in the city have already been taken over by the municipality and will be equipped with cots for the refugees who are brought here. Meanwhile, a relief fund has already been started.

The government is taking emergency measures.

(Continued on Page Six)

Barron's

Friday 8:00 A. M. Sharp!!

100 Fine Wool Skirts

for

Women and Misses

At a Ridiculous Slaughter Price

All this season's goods, all colors and mixtures. Skirts that sold at double and treble the price we name for Friday—

Your Choice **\$3.50** each
for

It will pay you to be here early

CARRANZA CLAIMS ZAPATA ABANDONS MEXICAN CAPITAL

Reports Without Details
That Obregon Forced
Retirement of the
Garrison

GALVESTON, Texas, Jan. 13.—Mexico City was evacuated by General Zapata's forces today, it was stated in an official cablegram from Vera Cruz to Carranza's Consul Juan T. Burns.

General Obregon forced the retirement of the Zapatistas, the message states, by winning a signal victory at San Martin.

The Carranzista advisers did not state whether Obregon had entered the capital, and no account was given of the Villista forces, supposed to be in the capital.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

CICERO TOWER RUINS

NAPLES, Italy, Jan. 14.—The great tower at Arpino, commemorating the birthplace of Cicero, collapsed during yesterday's earthquake, it was learned today, killing and injuring many people.

"INDIAN CHAPEL" RELICS SHOWN

Variable Weather in Rushford Brings Deep Snow Drifts on Ridges with Dust in City Streets

RUSHFORD, Minn., Jan. 14.—(Special)—

A collection of Indian relics which has not an equal in Minnesota is being displayed in the windows of J. A. Pederson, jewelry store. The collection was gathered and is owned by Mr. Burross, Rushford. Mr. Burross has spent several years in collecting the relics, and they represent nearly every Indian tribe known in North America at the time of the white man's invasion. The specimens of arrow heads, etc., are mounted on black velvet. Many of them came from the famous "Indian Chapel," near Rushford.

Variable Weather

Automobiles, cutters, hobsleds and buggies have each had their way in the variable weather of the past two weeks. Dust on the city streets, snow drifts three feet deep on the ridges, and no snow on the valley roads were some of the weather-man's freaks.

New Bank to Open

Carpenters and stone masons are putting the finishing touches to the State Bank's new home here. The new bank will open in the near future.

James McKay, a former Hart resident and for some years a resident of this city, is here from Thief River Falls, for a visit with his mother, sisters, brothers and other relatives at his old home.

James McDermid, another former

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NAT. BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TONIGHT Only at the Lyric Theatre

See that great human drama in three reels

"She Was His Mother"

With Violet Mersereau and Herbert Henley.

TONIGHT ONLY

Big Detective Drama

"A STUDY IN SCARLET"

With Grace Cunard and Francis Ford.

THE LYRIC

WEATHER BULLETIN

	(Lo)	(Hi)	(P)
Boston	22	32	.06
Charleston	44	58	0
New York	24	44	.04
Washington	30	52	0
Galveston	58	62	0
Jacksonville	40	62	0
New Orleans	44	60	0
Chicago	34	40	0
La Crosse	22	40	0
Madison	22	36	0
Memphis	44	54	0
Milwaukee	28	38	0
Bismarck	14	34	0
Huron	16	42	0
Kansas City	36	52	0
St. Paul	32	42	.24
Boise	26	42	0
Denver	28	34	0
Miles City	12	36	0
Portland, Ore.	42	48	.30
Spokane	30	38	.38
Medicine Hat	—6	26	0

Perhaps the young widow wants to marry again so that she can be disappointed in another.

QUICKEST REMEDY EVER SOLD IN LA CROSSE

We have never sold anything here in La Crosse with the INSTANT action of the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ika. This remedy, used successfully for appendicitis, is so quick and powerful that ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE of constipation, sour or gassy stomach. Adler-ika acts on BOTH lower and upper bowel and it is the most THOROUGH bowel cleanser we ever saw. Hoerschler Bros.

The TRIBUNE'S Daily Short Story

STEPHEN AND THE STORIES

BY DOROTHY BLACKMORE

Copyright, 1915, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate

Sally gazed contemplatively at the little set of chintz-covered drawers that she had indulged in by way of celebrating the occasion of having sold another story. It was Sally's treat to herself to purchase something for the equipment of her writing table upon each glorious arrival of a check. Her first money had gone toward the big kitchen table that Sally had covered with chintz, and she knew that no matter where the

IF YOUR SKIN ITCHES, JUST USE RESINOL

The moment that Resinol Ointment touches itching skin, the itching stops and healing begins. That is why doctors have prescribed it successfully for nineteen years in even the severest cases of eczema, tetter, ringworm, rashes and other tormenting, unsightly skin eruptions. Aided by warm baths with Resinol Soap, Resinol Ointment restores the skin to perfect health and comfort, quickly, easily and at little cost.

You need never hesitate to use Resinol. It contains absolutely nothing that could injure the tenderest skin—even of a tiny baby. No other treatment for the skin now before the public can show such a record of professional approval. All druggists sell Resinol Ointment (50c. and \$1.00), and Resinol Soap (25c.). For trial free, write to Dept. K.K., Resinol Baltimore, Md. Avoid substitutes by calling for "Resinol" by name. Unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer worthless imitations.

Daddy's Bedtime

Story — The Moor
Who Gave
His Promise.



In the Fight the Moor Was Slain.

"If you eat in the house of a Moor you would be safe there even had you done something dreadful and the police were looking for you," said daddy as the kiddies climbed up on the divan to listen to the evening story.

"The story goes that a Spaniard fell into a fit of anger with a Moorish gentleman, and in the fight that followed the Moor was slain.

"The Spaniard fled from his pursuers and climbed over a garden wall into a garden which proved to belong to a Moor. The Spaniard told his story in a very excited manner, naturally, and begged the Moor to hide him somewhere.

"The Moor held out half of a peach to the Spaniard. 'Eat this,' he said, 'and then you will know that you can safely trust yourself to me.'

"The Moor then locked the Spaniard up in a summer house, promising him that as soon as night came he would help him to escape.

"The Moor went away from the summer house, but just as he reached his house a great clattering was heard at the gate. He went out and opened the gate and got a dreadful shock, for his son was the one who had been killed, and some men were bringing him home, and the man that they described as having done the awful deed was the man that was now locked up in his summer house and whom he was pledged to help escape.

"As soon as it was dark the Moor went out to the summer house and opened the door.

"'Sir,' he said, 'you have killed my son, but you have also eaten with me. I cannot break my rules of hospitality. You are free.'

"He led the trembling wretch to his stable. Picking out one of the fleetest horses, he bade the Spaniard mount it.

"'Fly!' he ordered. 'By morning you will be in safety.'

"The Spaniard felt very bad and explained that the fight had been a fair one and that if his son had been the stronger man he might now have been fleeing from justice.

"The Moorish gentleman was very glad that he had kept the unwritten law of hospitality even in the midst of his great grief."

"Daddy, that must have been a very hard promise to keep," said Jack gravely.

"Yes," said daddy, "but a promise is a sacred thing and should always be kept."

"Good night, kiddies."

"Good night, daddy."

fortunes of success carried her she would never let a carved antique desk take precedence over that first writing table. The lack of drawers had been the only drawback, and now Sally filled that need and enhanced the beauty of her table by two sets of daintily-covered drawers that she placed on the back of her table.

"They don't pull out as easily as they might," she criticized thoughtfully. "Perhaps I should have spent the extra dollar and taken the wooden ones instead of cardboard. They would last me all my life then," she added, and knew that she was tempted.

In the afternoon Sally returned to the shop from which she had purchased her set of drawers and made arrangements for the exchange. She would give the ones she had to the delivery man when he brought the stronger ones.

When Sally returned to her room she cleared out the drawers hurriedly for she had an engagement with an editor. She asked her landlady to give them to the delivery man and went off to the city.

In the evening when she came home the new drawers were there and Sally immediately went to the delightful task of arranging her papers, letters, carbons and note books in them.

"I can write from morning until sundown now," she told herself happily. "I must sell another story before I can get the waste basket to match." She pondered for a moment. "I think I will rewrite 'The Test.' That ought to sell—it's a good plot."

Then began Sally's search for the manuscript that had been returned many times from editorial offices, sometimes with printed slips, but more often with flattering criticism. But—there had always been regrets. It was not just what the magazines were wanting.

Sally looked high and she looked low for "The Test." She took out every drawer, looked through her file and her scrap books, but the manuscript remained in its hiding place. Naturally the story became more valuable, more teeming with good plot, than it had been before straying from her sight, and Sally became flushed and bright-eyed in her eagerness to find it.

Suddenly the truth came to her. She sighed over the fact that her assortment of returned manuscripts had been so large as to fill one of the drawers in her cardboard set. The overflow must assuredly have

squeezed "The Test" out and behind one of the drawers. It was no doubt tucked snugly away and would have to spend the night in the store, whither Sally would journey the first thing in the morning.

Inspiration, however, seized Sally the next morning, and she wrote a short story on her typewriter before going over to the shopping district. After that she took a short nap, dressed herself with her habitual care and went forth in search of her story.

She gazed open-eyed at the clerk who told her that the set of drawers had been sold almost immediately they were brought back.

"Is there any chance of my finding out to whom they went? It is most important," Sally said with her friendly smile. The clerk appreciated the smile and went off to get the address of the young lady to whom she had sold the chintz set.

Another ten minutes passed and Sally went forth from the store rather enjoying her experience. She decided to make a short newspaper story out of the incident. The address given was down in the lower Twenties and Sally found herself ringing the bell of a small flat.

A most delightful girl answered the ring and opened the door wide that Sally might enter.

"Yes, we found the story," the girl was saying, as Sally followed her into a room that was homelike and cozy, and in which a good-looking young fellow lolled comfortably while he scanned the pages of Sally's own manuscript. Sally's eyes opened wide and a flush darted into her cheeks.

"Davie," Madge Cartwright said, "this is Sally Seward. Miss Seward, my brother, David Cartwright. Miss Seward has come in search of her story," Madge added, and offered Sally a chair.

Cartwright had sprung swiftly to his feet and shaken Sally's hand before she recovered from her astonishment. After that she smiled the Sally smile, and after that Davie smiled boyishly.

"I am caught right in the act," he said laughingly. "This story gave me a few hot moments while I was trying to pull out one of those drawers. Sis got me to keep ties in. After I had cooled down and looked for the trouble I found this wedged in and the drawer worked like a charm." He looked at Sally with his bright, happy eyes. There was nothing hidden behind those frank eyes.

Sally told them about the exchange and her search for the story. "I wanted to write it over," she added by way of apology. "It is not good as it stands. I am sorry you have read it."

"By Jove, I'm not! I have thought of a corking way to end it, and I'll bet the editors, or who ever you send them to, will be chasing themselves around the block for it."

"There is nothing like a little wholesome conceit," suggested Madge, with a fond laugh at her brother. "Perhaps if I make a cup of tea Miss Seward will stop and have a cup while you tell her your wonderful idea." Madge cast a glance of expectation at Sally. That she wanted Sally to leave convention aside and stay was evident in her voice and eyes.

"I am rather friendly," Sally said softly. "If you do not consider me strange—I will be only too glad to stay."

Davie jumped up and quickly drew her coat from her shoulders, put a cushion behind her back and returned to his own comfortable chair.

"Now for the story," he said with his boyish laugh that Sally was beginning to wait for. There had not been so much of laughter in Sally's struggles that she could afford to let slip one golden hour. She rejoiced that her manuscript had wedged itself into the chintz drawers, and that she was sitting beside David Cartwright while he outlined the plot of an exceedingly good story.

"I will write it," Sally told him while Madge's voice came from the direction of the kitchen humming a little snatch of song, "and if it brings a big check, you must promise that we three will have a dinner together." Madge had entered with a fragrant tray of tea and hot crumpets. "Did you hear that, Miss Cartwright?" Sally questioned.

"If the story brings a big check," she said, "I will agree to anything, but it would be so comfy to have dinner here—you may get a chicken and fixings if you like, but couldn't we cook it here? It is so much nicer

DON'T YOU KNOW

that you are missing one of the grandest opportunities you ever had to buy a Suit of clothes, by not taking advantage of this Closing Out Sale? For Friday and Saturday you can take your choice of—

85 Young Men's Suits, sizes 34, 35 and 36, ranging in price from \$15 to \$22.50, for

\$7.25

90 Men's strictly high grade all wool worsted Suits, that are worth up to \$22.50, for

\$9.50

Boys' all wool Overcoats, worth \$10.00, for

\$3.69

Ladies' Mackinaw Coats \$10.00, for

\$3.98

all wool, worth

Ladies' all wool Sweater Coats, worth \$2.50 and \$3, for

\$1.29

Men's heavy fleecé lined Underwear, worth 50c, for

29c

Men's Dress Shirts, worth 75c, for

37c

Linen Collars, the best there is for

9c

Boys' Sheep Lined Coats, \$5.00 value, for

\$2.98

Men's Flannel Shirts, \$1 value for

59c

Men's Work Shirts, 50c value

29c

Men's fine lisle thread Hose, 25c value, for

12½c

Misses' all wool Sweaters, \$1.25 value, for

59c

Boys' Blue Serge Caps, \$1.00 value, for

45c

Child's Blue Serge Caps—50c value, for

25c

Boys' Leather Mittens, regular 25c grade, for

9c

35c grade for

17c

Men's fine Fur Hats, soft and stiff, worth \$2.50, for

98c

Ladies' extra quality Rain Coats, worth \$6, for

\$3.45

Ladies' light weight tan colored Rain Coats, worth \$3.50

\$1.49

Boys' Blue Serge Suits, worth \$4.00, for

\$1.98

Men's fine Silk Hose, worth 50c, per pair

25c

Ladies' Wool Hose, black and gray, worth 50c, for

19c

Men's heavy Wool Hose worth 25c, for

12½c

Men's Khaki Pants, worth \$1.50

79c

Men's Vests, worth \$1.50, small sizes, for

19c

Men's Fancy Vests, worth \$1.50 to \$3.00, for

88c

Barber's and Waiter's Coats, worth \$1.50, for

49c

J. E. Willing, Jr.

115-117 S. 4th Street

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE

Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday at
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The Association of American Advertisers
under date of September 8th to 9th, 1914,
has examined and certified to the accu-
racy of this publication. The A. A. A. guar-
antees the figures contained in this report.

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE
Sworn Dated Statement for the
Month of December

December 7,790
Daily Average 7,790

1—Tues	7,771	17—Thur	7,813
2—Wed	7,796	18—Fri	7,805
3—Thur	7,785	19—Sat	7,792
4—Fri	7,809	20—Sunday	
5—Sat	7,793	21—Mon	7,783
6—Sunday		22—Tues	7,774
7—Mon	7,814	23—Wed	7,779
8—Tues	7,796	24—Thur	7,765
9—Wed	7,774	25—Fri	7,788
10—Thur	7,781	26—Sat	7,809
11—Fri	7,789	27—Sunday	
12—Sat	7,763	28—Mon	7,797
13—Sunday		29—Tues	7,786
14—Mon	7,787	30—Wed	7,781
15—Tues	7,803	31—Thur	7,813
16—Wed	7,791		

Total Circulation.....210,339
Average Circulation.....7,790

I, Frank H. Burgess, business
manager of The La Crosse Tribune,
do solemnly swear that the actual
number of copies of the paper nam-
ed, printed and circulated during the
month of December, 1914, was as
above stated.

Frank H. Burgess
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this first day of January, 1915.

James Thompson
Notary Public.

WE AGREE TO DISAGREE

The more one studies the supreme
court decision holding that the police
board has no power to initiate trials
of members of the police force, the
more one speculates upon the future
value of a commission that must
await the wrath of a private citizen
before moving to relieve the com-
munity of a worthless or even dan-
gerous police officer.

As a matter of automatic courtesy
it must be conceded that the supreme
court is right, but outside of all that,
we can not follow its logic. The fact
that under an opposite ruling a com-
missioner might sit in judgment in a
case in which he had signed a com-
plaint has but a superficial appeal.
The commission is but a quasi-judicial
body, and a complaint by a com-
missioner can be regarded merely
as an instrument for opening inquiry
as to truth and justice rather than as
an evidence of hostility. As clearly
as the act of judging, the act of pre-
sents information aims at the good
of the service and the protection of
society.

In sitting in trial of an impeached
officer a city council becomes, like
the commission, a quasi-judicial
body. A case in point seems to have
been State ex. rel. Starkweather, that
arose in Superior, cited by the lower

court in the Wendling case. Therein
a portion of the supreme court opin-
ion reads:

The common council, not being a
court but merely an administrative
body, is not subject to all the rules
governing courts in the transaction
of business; and thus it undoubtedly
is the law that the fact that one of
the aldermen will discharge the du-
ties of mayor in case of the removal
of the mayor, and that another of
the aldermen signed the charges
upon which the mayor was tried,
does not bar these aldermen from
sitting.

However, it is fruitless to become
lost in the mazes of judicial inter-
pretation. Suffice it to say that the
decision emphasizes the need of leg-
islative amendment of the law fix-
ing the authority of the police com-
mission. Surely we can trust an hon-
orary board of five citizens to do
justice as it honestly appears to them
from the evidence, without hedging
them with precautions against a
mean and biased class of malfeas-
ance.

GOVERNOR PHILIPP'S FIRST MESSAGE

The first annual message of Gov-
ernor Philipp to the legislature is a
dollar message. The future must dis-
close whether its trend is governed
by the character of the campaign is-
sues, or whether it reveals the per-
spective of a man schooled to no other
mental processes.

The message may be said to be an
able document, revealing clear-head-
ed notions of economical business
methods. The value of these ideas
depends upon whether they are di-
rected by a mind that has grasped
the broader economic truths of mod-
ern governmental philosophy; lack-
ing evidence of this lofty conception
the message may create misgivings
lest the pruning knife sever the vine
at its root.

The message announces a plan to
abolish the state reference librarian's
office, state insurance and reforestation.
All, we believe, are institutions
and enterprises of value. The
two latter are in process of demon-
stration, and may be open to debate,
but the reference library has been
proven by experience to be the most
valuable instrument of intelligent leg-
islation.

We believe that Mr. Philipp is cor-
rect in his view that by the co-ordi-
nation of commissions money can be
saved, that our good roads methods
can be improved so as to give more
lasting results and greater economy,
that the university appropriations
can be subjected to reasonable re-
duction without injury to the essen-
tial values, nor are we convinced that
the water power law is not subject
to improvement. The value of the
governor's work in this direction can-
not be measured until his proposals
are definitely outlined, as they will
be in forthcoming bills. The pro-
posed legislation may take the form
of valuable constructive laws, or may
seek insidiously to emasculate in-
stitutions of immeasurable value to
the state. The debate must await
fuller details.

We suggest careful reading of the
message, which appears in this issue
of the TRIBUNE. It outlines a gen-
eral policy upon which every voter
will have to pass judgment.

DONOVAN BACK FROM JAUNT

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Manager
Bill Donovan of the Yankees is back
in New York again today from a
successful western jaunt on which
he succeeded in drawing Ray Cald-
well away from the Federals and
signing Roger Peckinpaugh. He
will leave again in a few days in
search of a training camp.

BARRETT GIVEN PARDON

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 14.—Albert
Barrett of Detroit, Mich., was this
afternoon given a full unconditional
pardon by the state pardon board of
Minnesota. The only thing resem-
bling a restriction was that Barrett
should not in the future violate any
penal law, state or federal.

Every girl wants to marry rich.
Girls don't believe in love as much
as men suppose they do.

Quips and Cranks and Wanton Wiles

The Old Times

I'm sick of marching millions
I tire of shot and shell;
I've read so much of carnage
I'm too chock full to tell.

I'm sickened by the slaughter,
And, really, what I need
Is some old-fashioned items
Like us folks used to read.

I long for dear old Teddy,
I want to read his dope;
I'd like to hear from experts
About some new "white hope."

I'd read of the boll weevil,
The Kansas locust, too;
I'd even read of Dr. Cook,
Or o'en Cole Blease would do.

I've read till I'm disgusted
Of war and death and pain.
Will some kind fairy bring us
The good old times again?
—Topeka Journal.

Tried to Make Good

"What's become of dat little
chameleon Mandy had?" inquired Rufus.
"Oh, de fool chile done lost him,"
replied Zeke. "She wuz playin' wif
him one day, puttin' him on red to
see him turn red, an' on blue to see
him turn blue, an' on green to see
him turn green, and so on. Den de
fool gal, not satisfied wif lettin' well
enough alone, went an' put him on a
plaid, an' de poor little thing went an'
bust himself tryin' to make good."

Didn't Need Attorney

Two college students were arraigned
before the magistrate charged
with huddling the low spots in the
road in their motor car.

"Have you a lawyer?" asked the
magistrate.

"We're not going to have a law-
yer," answered the elder of the stu-
dents. "We've decided to tell the
truth."

Shells Very Barbers

An Irishman and an Englishman
having met recently, were describing
the hairbreath escapes they had at
the front.

"Why," said the Englishman, "in
an engagement I took part in one of
these German bullets nearly took the
hair off my face—it went so close.
What do you think of that for a close
 shave?"

"Well," says Pat, "in one engage-
ment I was in one of them German
shells came so close that it took the
hair off my head. What about that
for a hair cut?" he said pointing to
his glassy pool.

Hopes for Best

There is a certain man of a re-
markably cheerful and optimistic
turn of mind. His wife, on the other
hand, takes things seriously and
has no small difficulty in accommo-
dating herself to the peculiarities of
her friends when, as not infrequently
happens, they differ from her
own.

"Henry," said she to her husband
one evening when she had returned

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ENDORSED AT HOME

Such Pr as This Should Convince
Any La Crosse Citizen

The public endorsement of a local
citizen is the best proof that can be
produced. None better, none stronger,
can be had. When a man comes
forward and testifies to his fellow-
citizens, addresses his friends and
neighbors, you may be sure he is
thoroughly convinced or he would
not do so. Telling one's experience
when it is for the public good is an
act of kindness that should be ap-
preciated. The following statement
given by a resident of La Crosse
adds one more to the many cases of
Home Endorsement, which are being
published about Doan's Kidney Pills.
Read it.

J. H. Lutiger, 608 S. Eighth St.,
La Crosse, says: "I was advised to
use Doan's Kidney Pills when I was
suffering from hard, dull backaches
and headaches. Soon after taking
this remedy, I found that it was just
the one I needed. I often recommend
Doan's Kidney Pills and I am al-
ways glad to do so."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't
simply ask for a kidney remedy—
get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same
that Mr. Lutiger had. Foster-Mil-
burn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.



MADAM, 'phone your grocer today for MARVEL— the flour that makes Many More Loaves to Each Barrel—Bakes Better Bread

MARVEL is made of highest
quality spring wheat, doubly rich in
flavor, richness, strength, nutri-
ment. Absolutely in a class by it-
self because of its better baking
and longer lasting qualities.

Bakes more loaves to the barrel
than ordinary flour; bread of marvelous
texture and still better taste. If the sav-
ing doesn't appeal to you, the bread will!

MARVEL FLOUR

Milled in Wisconsin

Suppose there was only one chance in
a hundred that you could buy MARVEL bet-
ter—doesn't your daily bread make that
chance worth taking? But 99 chances out
of 100, you'll like it BEST OF ALL.
So try it. Try it today!

At Your Grocers
LISTMAN MILL COMPANY, LaCrosse, Wisconsin

home more or less agitated by some-
thing. "What do you think they say
about Mrs. Eaton, the baker's wife?"
"I am sure I don't know," said
the husband. "Nothing serious, I
hope."

"They say they can tell when
she's going to have callers by her
washing the children's faces! Now,
you're a pretty sanguine man, Henry,
but what on earth can you hope for
a woman like that?"

"Well," said Henry, "I suppose
all we can hope for is that she en-
tertains a good deal."

They Never Forget
Crawford—Do your country coun-
sins send you anything at Christmas
to remember them by?
Crabshaw—I should say they did!
It's generally a telegram saying
they're going to spend the holidays
with us.—Judge.

Air Was Bad Enough
To the grouchy looking person
who had boarded his car the conduc-
tor said, as he returned him his
transfer:

"This transfer expired ten minutes
ago."

Whereupon, with a growl, the man
dug for a nickel and, as he handed
it to the conductor, observed:

"No wonder, with not a single
ventilator open in the whole car."—
Harper's Magazine.

DRESBACH, MINN.

DRESBACH, Minn., Jan. 14.—
(Special).—Miss Josie Glenn left
Thursday morning for Princeton,
Minn., to take a position as book-
keeper for the mercantile company
there.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kemp have
returned from a week's visit with
friends in La Crosse.

Miss Beatrice Nichols was here
from Winona Tuesday attending the
dancing party.

Mrs. William Schools, Mrs. Arthur
Dickson, Miss Lenora Schools and
Miss Phillis Nichol entertained at a
private dancing party given at Cen-
tennial hall Tuesday evening. Out
of town guests were Mrs. W. J. Wil-
moyer and Miss Susie Gittens, La
Crosse. Snappy music was rendered
by the Webster orchestra for the lat-
est dances.

John Nichols is on the grand jury
at Dinora this week.

Mrs. Louis Burk, who had the mis-
fortune of breaking her arm by a fall
on the ice, is getting along nicely.

Mrs. William Schools left Wednes-
day morning for a few days' visit
with relatives at New Albin, Iowa.

RUMOR HAS MURRAY TRADED

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—An official
rumor has it that Red Murray,
Giant outfielder, had been traded to
Cincinnati for Rube Benton, who
last season was the Reds' leading
hurler. The rumor has neither been
confirmed or denied by Giant offi-
cials.

The Best of Chester
A TALE
OF RED
ROSES
By Geo. Randolph Chester
Author of
Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford, Etc.
Copyright 1914,
The Bobbs-Merrill Company.

"Now where?" he asked, when
Smash had cleaned the bone, and
had crunched it for exercise.

"I had thought of going to the
florist's to pick out my flowers for
this evening."

"What kind?" he anxiously in-
quired. In spite of herself, Molly
giggled.

"Red roses," she confessed, and
laughed her laugh out.

"Really, you shouldn't have done
that, Mr. Sledge," she chided, try-
ing to be very serious about it, and
to insist on the formalities.

Sledge looked at her with much
concern.

"I don't want to queer myself,"
he worried. "It's too late to call it
off. The wagons must be out to your
house by this time."

"The wagons!" she half shrieked.
"Yes," he nervously confessed.

"Dillerey's only had eight dozen. I
ordered the rest from Beck's."

"How many is the rest?" she
faintly inquired.

"I don't know till Beck gives me
the count. I told him to clean up the
place. I hope there'll be enough."

"I'm sure there will be," she re-
plied, with the giggle all gone out
of her. Somehow, she had not the
heart to make plain to him just why
he must not be so lavish. "That was
tremendously kind of you, Mr.
Sledge, and I thank you very much."

There was a florist's wagon at the
rear porch, and red roses were being
unloaded in bales when she arrived
there; also, the driver, a bent and
shriveled man, with whiskers on his
face in the most unexpected places,
was handling his wares with un-
usual care.

"What beautiful roses!" Fern ex-
claimed, as Molly joined her. "And
such masses of them!"

"And vases, too!" cried Molly,
peering into the front of the wagon.

"Sledge's orders," explained the
squeaky old man, with warm pride.
"He always has 'em sent up that way
to his mother. We took her twenty-
five dozen chrysanthemums her last
birthday."

"Sledge!" choked Fern.

"Sledge!" repeated Molly soberly.
"He's to be the life of the party."

"Well," admitted Fern, with a
giggle, "he's no piker."

CHAPTER VII. Sentimental Interludes.

Tom Bendix, waiting discontentedly
in the are little back room of the
Occident, looked up, astounded, as
Sledge walked in; for the boss, still
wearing his floral adornment, was
making a queer hoarse sound, the
like of which had never before es-
caped his lips in the memory of mortal
man. He was humming! Hum-
ming a splintered and jagged and
pitifully distorted fragment of a
little love ditty! Tom Bendix killed a
fly.

"Bozzam is waiting," he stated.

"Nothing doing," grunted Sledge,
and sat down in his favorite rough
armchair.

"I didn't tell him anything," Ben-
dix went on, obviously uneasy. "I've
been figuring, Sledge. By making
the reorganization of the street-car
company we can scoop out that two
hundred and fifty thousand undi-
vided surplus, all right, but Marley
will have over a third of it, for he
owns thirty-five per cent of the
stock."

"Unh-huh!" said Sledge.

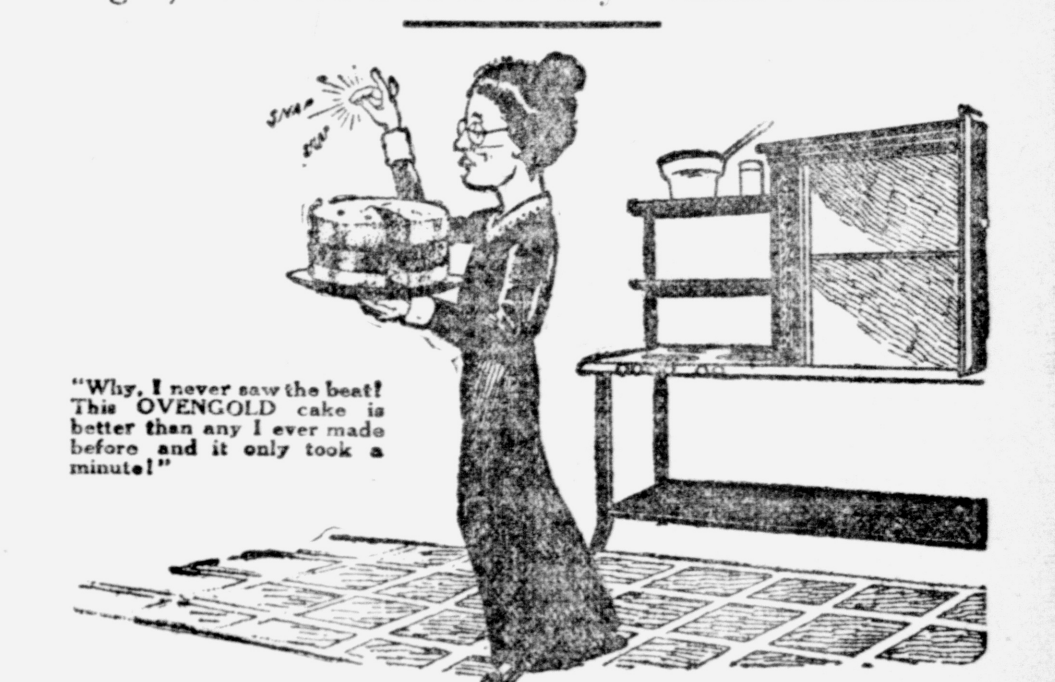
"He doesn't deserve it," protested
Bendix. "You've made the company
a paying one, and that surplus be-
longs to you. By giving Bozzam's
phony new company a blanket fran-
chise for the rest of the city, we
can resell that franchise to the pres-
ent company for the full quarter of
a million; and Bozzam slips me the
hint that his crowd will do the work
for fifty thousand, leaving the other
two hundred thousand for you and
the organization. It's simple, it's
easy, and it's legitimate, and it can
be dressed in such a way that the
voters will eat it up as a big public
improvement."

"Nix!" decided Sledge, looking in-
differently out of the window.

"Just as you say," reluctantly
agreed Bendix. "But there's a big
difference, Chief, between a hundred

Easy, Easy! Make CakeAnytime—Just Use OVENGOLD

Why, it's simply marvelous—You just add water to
OVENGOLD, then bake, and out comes as fine,
light, delicious a cake as any woman ever made.



Don't you try to believe it! Until
you have actually made a cake with
OVENGOLD just you say it can't be
done. But after your OVENGOLD
cake has come out of the oven, light
as a snowflake, golden brown and
delicious—then, ladies, judge it!

No woman can make a better cake
than you can have in three minutes' time
with OVENGOLD. Try it and see! Get a 25-cent package of OVEN-
GOLD of your grocer and if it doesn't
make you a cake so delicious that
everyone who tastes it will praise it—
why, then, you take the empty package
back and get your 25 cents returned
quick!

OVENGOLD is complete. It is

ready. No eggs to add, no milk, no
butter, no anything, but plain water.
Then you bake it and the best cake-
maker in the world can bake no bet-
ter cake than you have. No danger
of its "falling"—every OVENGOLD
cake is perfect. Think of it—any mo-
ment, without trouble you can have
delicious cake and just about three
minutes required.

Try a 25-cent package of OVEN-
GOLD once and see. Almost any
grocer has it. If yours doesn't just
send his name to us and enclose 25
cents and we will send you a pack-
age prepaid. Allmade Bakeries, De-
troit, Mich.

to it, they'll carry it on the front
page for a year."

Sledge's only reply to that dire
threat was a chuckle.

"The Blade hurts some," insisted
Bendix. "They'll carry a campaign
against us one of these days."

Sledge shrugged his mighty shoul-
ders ever so slightly.

"We're due," he stated.

"A reform administration does
teach the town a lesson," admitted
Bendix, "but we're not ready for it
yet. Leaving the Blade out of it,
though, I don't like to waste this
eighty-seven thousand five hundred
on Marley, and he'd have to be in
on it."

"I want him in," said Sledge.

"I thought you were against Mar-
ley."

(To be Continued)

A fisherman takes a big chance
that the fish have more patience than
he has.

Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk
several years ago. Doctors said my only hope
of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good.
Finally I got hold of something that quickly and
completely cured me. Years have passed and the
rupture has never returned, although I am doing
hard work as a carpenter. There was no opera-
tion, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to
sell, but will give full information about how you
may find a complete cure without operation, if
you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter,
229A Marcellus Avenue, Manassas, N. J. Better
cut out this notice and show it to any others who
are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop
the misery of rupture and the worry and danger
of an operation.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that
of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent.,
or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven
per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before
they are fifteen!

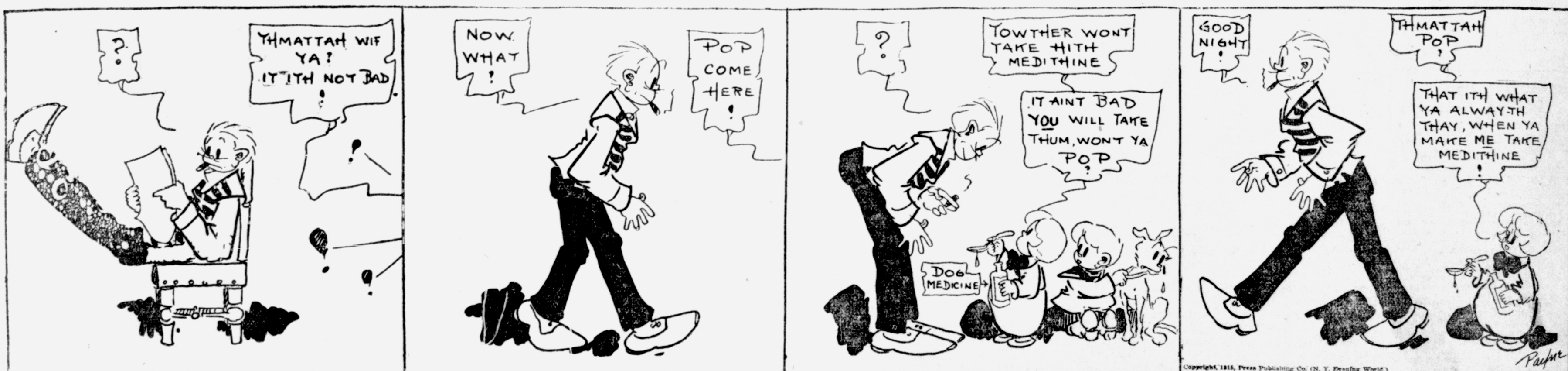
We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a
majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many
of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations.
Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain
more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities,
deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead
to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but
you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria
causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the
pores of the skin and allays fever.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

"S'MATTER, POP?"

Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Company

By C. N. PAYNE



SATURDAY SPECIALS

Roast Beef, per pound 10c
 Pot Roast, per pound 10c
 Soup Meat, per pound 8c

GRANKE MEAT MARKET

833 Rose Street
 Both Phones

ECONOMY IS PLEA OF GOV. PHILIPP

(Continued from Page One.)

stance is not helpful to the cause of human progress."

The text of some important subjects discussed and recommendations made in Gov. Philipp's message reads as follows:

In the year 1900 the cost of the state government reached the sum of \$4,000,000. In the political campaign that was carried on in that year this amount was claimed to be excessive, and much criticism was indulged in by the press and from the stump of what was termed an extravagant use of the public funds. Economies that would bring about a substantial reduction in expenditures were promised. However, instead of reduction there has been a steady increase until at the close of the fiscal year 1913-14 the state's expenditures had reached the sum of \$15,138,051.99.

The following table of total expenditures for the period in question shows the large and steady increase:

1903	.....	\$ 6,046,566.06
1904	.....	5,855,446.80
1905	.....	6,249,800.94
1906	.....	6,792,912.53
1907	.....	7,206,058.58
1908	.....	8,612,289.95
1909	.....	10,195,031.83
1910	.....	10,459,978.14
1911	.....	10,194,291.50
1912	.....	11,332,874.51
1913	.....	12,786,766.07
1914	.....	15,138,051.99

These vast expenditures are partly due to a policy of expansion of the state's activities far beyond what was formerly conceived to be the proper function of government. To a lack of business system in organizing these activities, and to the further fact that the legislatures have been too generous in their appropriations for the support of the several public institutions.

From the report of the Tax Commission, I learn that the total amount of taxes for local and state government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, aggregates nearly fifty-two and one-half million dollars. The following table shows the amount derived from each source classified according to the system of taxation which produced it:

General property tax	.....	\$41,596,960.00
Corporation taxes	.....	8,337,906.00
Income tax	.....	1,950,415.00
Inheritance tax	.....	458,903.00

Total \$52,444,184.00

These figures show why the people are complaining of high taxes and are clamoring for a change in the policies that have produced such enormous expenditures.

Public institutions that have been recipients of too liberal appropriations may not be willing to have their financial support cut down, and we may reasonably expect strong opposition to any effort to inaugurate a financial policy that will conform to the demands of the people. However, I regard my election as governor as a contract with the people to reduce the expenditures of the state government to a reasonable basis, and I propose to fulfill that promise so far as it is within the power of the executive to do so.

Boards and Commissions.
 One of the tendencies of our state government in recent years has been to create a large number of commissions or bureaus to which has been delegated a large part of the functions of government. While some commissions are useful and, therefore, indispensable, quite a number can be abolished and others consolidated, greatly reducing the number of employees and in that way effecting a substantial saving. It should be our purpose to retain every service rendered by the state at this time that is useful to the people and is worth what it costs. But in rendering this service care should be exercised so as to prevent duplication of employees, and their duties should be so arranged as to enable them to give the maximum service.

The agencies of government should at all times be kept under the control of the people and made responsible to the people. It was so intended in our original plan of government, and whenever we depart from that, as we have in this instance, we deprive the people of the power of self government.

That the people wish to rely upon the governor to exercise a better control over public expenditure, will, I believe, not be questioned by those who understand present day public sentiment. It would, however, be manifestly unfair to hold the executive responsible for expenditures that he can in no wise control, and I recommend that the laws creating commissions be so amended as to give the governor some measure of supervision over the expenditures of these bodies.

In the work of consolidating some commissions and discontinuing others I wish to lay emphasis upon the necessity of retaining all those features of each that have proven useful to the people. The Railroad Commission is performing a useful service and deserves to be liberally, though not extravagantly, supported. This body is conducting investigations of railroads and public service corporations, much of which information is of like nature with that needed by the Tax Commission. In the interest of economy the field work of the Tax Commission should be cut down as much as possible, especially where it can be covered by the investigations of the Railroad Commission.

I recommend as a further economy that the services of income assessors be dispensed with and that their duties be transferred to the local assessors and tax-collectors. If local assessors can be trusted with the assessment of real estate and all other taxable property, I fail to see any good reason why they should not be trusted with the assessment of incomes. The matter of securing full returns of taxable incomes is achieved by the penalties provided by law more than by any activity upon the part of the income assessor. This rule would also hold true in the assessment of personal property for which the income tax is a substitute. Inasmuch as 90 per cent of the income tax goes back to the counties and municipalities in which it is collected, it is safe to assume that the local assessors will not lack in energy to get a full return. The Tax Commission reports the cost of collecting income tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, as \$99,207.59. This amount can be largely saved to the state by the change in system which I have suggested.

It is the business of this administration to polish all that are useless and to greatly reduce the number of those institutions, and so far as it is practical to bring the government back to the constitutional officers of the state. I, therefore, recommend that you make a thorough investigation of the entire subject with a view to meeting the public demand.

Workmen's Compensation.
 The Workmen's Compensation Act is correct in principle and should receive the attention of the legislature with a view to further perfecting it. Nevertheless, the cost of conducting the affairs of the Industrial Commission has grown to a large sum. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, the cost of the commission was \$104,973.00. It seems that a large item of this cost is due to the expense of sending out inspectors on individual cases, and the ultimate perfecting of the law will result in materially reducing this part of the cost of administration.

The law now provides that all appeals from orders of the commission shall be taken to the circuit court of Dane county. This provision makes litigation under the act unnecessarily expensive and is inconsistent with the spirit of the law. I would suggest that the law be changed so that cases appealed to the circuit court may be tried in the circuit where the claim originated.

Legislative Reference Bureau.
 The legislature of 1903 created a legislative reference library. Its purpose was to furnish information to members of the legislature upon such subjects as related to legislation. It has since been converted into a bill drafting institution where proposed laws are furnished upon application without any further effort upon the part of the legislator. This system has had the effect of greatly increasing the number of bills introduced and has resulted in the passage of a great many useless laws. The legislature of 1913 passed 778 bills.

The purpose of the original act creating the library was good. However, we must now judge its value by the record it has made, which I believe to justify the statement that it has exercised an undue influence upon legislation. It has resulted in outside preparation of bills for legislative action, superseding individual legislative study, and greatly impairing legislative efficiency, to act as the result of that individual judgment which members of such a body should devote to the work they were elected to perform. Originally projected as a library, it has in every sense become a bureau. I therefore recommend that the law creating the bureau, as it is now known, be repealed. This will have the effect of saving about \$21,000 per year.

State Printing.
 The cost of state printing has grown to an enormous sum. Each year has shown an increase. In this connection the following table is interesting:

1900-1901	.....	\$ 42,138.69
1902	.....	60,413.05

1903	.....	53,948.87
1904	.....	84,916.27
1905	.....	60,650.08
1906	.....	109,959.58
1907	.....	108,998.98
1908	.....	162,045.21
1909	.....	103,448.75
1910	.....	168,351.88
1911	.....	123,312.25
1912	.....	204,427.11
1913	.....	217,047.08
1914	.....	259,665.50

The State Board of Public Affairs has recently investigated this matter and strongly criticizes the lack of system. The entire subject of printing deserves consideration and I recommend that some better supervision be established by law over the matter of public printing in order that useless publication may be eliminated and that some regard be had for the probable demand thereby substantially reducing the expense.

State Insurance.
 It has been the policy of the state since 1903 to assume the fire risk on its own buildings. The insurance carried on state property by the state is reported by the commissioner as \$17,670,000. In addition to this there is on the statute books of the state a provision that all property of cities, counties, villages and school districts, after favorable vote on the part of boards or councils having charge of such public property, may contract for their insurance protection with the commissioner of insurance. The amount of insurance carried under this provision is reported to be \$1,595,359, making a total of insurance carried by the state of \$19,265,359.

The Board of Regents of the normal schools have recently brought an action in court to compel the insurance commissioner to turn over to the normal school fund an additional sum of \$106,800 in settlement of a loss caused by the destruction by fire of the state normal school at Superior. It is evident from this that if the courts order the payment of this amount the insurance fund will show a deficit, which means that the premiums accredited to the insurance account in the past ten years have not accumulated a fund that protects the state against loss either by fire or tornado; in fact the state has lost a substantial sum of money by not insuring its property.

The present condition of this fund after an experience of ten years demonstrates conclusively that state insurance on the basis on which it has been carried on is a failure. I recommend that the present system of state fire insurance be discontinued, and a more reliable insurance be substituted therefor.

Highways.
 The state now is engaged in what is generally conceded to be an extravagant system of highway building. There is annually appropriated out of the general fund \$1,200,000 for state aid, and \$100,000 to the highway commission with which to carry out the purposes of the act. It must be borne in mind that in addition to this the towns and counties which ask for state aid must each furnish an equal sum to that provided by the state. If the appropriation for 1914 is used the total amount expended on state aid roads for that year would be \$2,600,000, exclusive of the expense of the commission and whatever the towns and counties might have expended for supervision. This amount is generally regarded by the people as excessive and burdensome to the taxpayers.

It would seem that the first step necessary in proceeding with this project is to organize, under the supervision of a competent highway engineer, a staff of practical roadbuilders, and this, it is generally conceded, is difficult to secure. Furthermore, there still is much doubt in the minds of practical men as to the best material to be used in the construction of highways. These facts, together with the opposition to high taxes, make it imperative to proceed on a more conservative basis.

The condition of many state roads that have been built recently built proves conclusively that it is necessary to make better provision for their maintenance. It will be a waste of money to go on with these great expenditures for highways unless suitable arrangements are made to keep them in repair.

State Forestry.
 In 1903 the legislature created the department of forestry, and began the project of reforesting cutover timber lands in the northern part of the state. There is annually appropriated \$35,000 to pay the salaries and carry out the provisions of the act. The legislature of 1911 made an appropriation of \$350,000, distributed over a period of five years, for the purchase of additional lands, and the law further provides for an annual appropriation of \$10,000 which can be expended by the state land commissioner for the purchase of lands that have reverted to counties for taxes and for other lands. This appropriation has been used each year since it was authorized. The total appropriation available to the forestry department is \$95,000 per annum.

The state set aside all swamp lands that were left north of town 33 and the department has the use of the income from these lands derived from the sale of dead and down timber, from trespass and from sales of scattering and agricultural lands that are not suitable for forest reserve. The state forester reports that the income from this latter source has been large, the total being \$435,476.13. Of this amount \$381,706.78 has been expended or reinvested. He reports the following investments in lands:

Appropriations for lands	.....	\$146,027.48
Income from swamp lands	.....	272,781.22
reinvested in other lands	.....

Total \$418,808.70

Amount due on lands remaining unpaid (because of question pending before supreme court) \$130,517.35

There has been expended for improvements \$121,522.60, making a total investment for the state of \$671,148.65 since the organization of the department, exclusive of the cost of supervision and planting. The state forester reports that approximately 1,000

acres of land have been replanted and that the average cost is \$4.98 per acre, and that the output of the state's forest nurseries will be sufficient to plant about 1,000 acres per year, the cost of which will approximate \$5 per acre.

It can be urged to be a moral obligation to future generations to replace this valuable natural resource with which our state was so abundantly supplied. However, it seems perfectly clear that the obligation rests upon the national government. I believe it would be manifestly unfair to tax so small a political unit as the state of Wisconsin for the purpose of producing a resource that will in the end be for the benefit of the people at large.

As a business proposition it should not appeal to us. We have had sufficient experience to convince us that the annual cost is large and that the investment which has already reached a large sum will continue to grow rapidly in sum that will burden the taxpayers. There is a diversity of opinions among experts and practical men as to the time required to produce a tree that can be converted into merchantable timber. The estimates run from fifty to 100 years. It should not require much argument to convince anyone that a business proposition which cannot possibly pay any returns for a period of from fifty to 100 years is not attractive, and is, as a matter of fact, an unwise investment. Furthermore, the property is subject to destruction by fire or storm; therefore it is not exempt from the ordinary business risk.

The project is open to the further objection that it removes so large an acreage from the tax roll of sparsely settled counties in the northern part of our state as to make local taxation burdensome to the remaining property. It is open to the further objection that any large and contiguous tract of land in Wisconsin must necessarily contain a considerable amount of land that is suitable for agriculture.

In view of these many objections, I recommend that there be no further expansion of the policy of reforestation, and that agricultural lands in the forest reserve be thrown open to settlers, in lots not to exceed 160 acres for each applicant, and that further appropriations be cut down to what may be necessary to protect the property that the state now owns.

State University.
 The people of our state have been generous in their support of public education. While it is clearly their purpose to build up an educational system that will give equal facilities to all the people, it appears that in recent years a tendency has grown up under rather disproportionate amount of the money available for educational purposes.

1903	.....	53,948.87
1904	.....	84,916.27
1905	.....	60,650.08
1906	.....	109,959.58
1907	.....	108,998.98
1908	.....	162,045.21
1909	.....	103,448.75
1910	.....	168,351.88
1911	.....	123,312.25
1912	.....	204,427.11
1913	.....	217,047.08
1914	.....	259,665.50

The people wish to maintain the university as a first class institution of learning; however, the amount of money needed to meet its demands is so large that the people have come to regard it as being unnecessarily extravagant and there is a general demand for a substantial reduction in the appropriations.

As a result of this growing feeling the state board of public affairs ordered a survey, a report of which, covering a year of investigation, will soon be submitted to you. The discoveries of the investigators are many, and cannot be discussed in this message. No doubt there is sufficient information in the report to enable you to correct the faults of the institution, whatever they may be.

In addition to the increased cost to the university it is pointed out that the presence of so many nonresident students in the capital city has created a competition for living accommodations and as a result the expenses which resident students have to meet have been materially advanced. We should not adopt a narrow policy of excluding nonresident students. We should, however, charge a tuition fee that will compensate the state for the cost of their education, and we should limit the number who may be admitted to suit the present facilities of the school after resident students have been taken care of.

Normal and Rural Schools.
 A very liberal policy has been pursued in the matter of building state normal schools. Eight are now in operation and a new one is now in process of construction. This policy has greatly increased the expenses of that branch of education. The appropriation by the last legislature for normal school purposes exceeded \$1,000,000 for the year ending June 30, 1914. If these schools are to be used exclusively for training teachers it would seem unnecessary to build any more of them.

A comparatively small number of graduates from these schools accept employment as teachers in country schools, where they are most needed. A greater number are employed in the graded and high schools of the cities, where they receive larger pay and the profession of teaching is more attractive. The rural school course in our state normal schools, in our high schools and in our county training schools are furnishing but forty-five per cent of the teachers called for each year in our country schools.

The first step necessary to improve our country schools is to provide a better equipped teacher. In order to do this we must provide preparatory institutions within easy reach of the young men and women in the country who are willing to make rural school teaching a profession. This, I believe, can best be obtained by a further investment and improvement of our present system of county training schools.

County School Boards.
 The last legislature passed an act creating county school boards. These boards are practically without duties, and there is a general complaint that because they are without functions it is an unnecessary expenditure of money. I recommend that the law creating them be repealed.

Our common schools and particularly our country schools need more and better supervision. In many counties there are so many schools that the superintendent finds it impossible to give the necessary supervision as time will permit him to make only a brief

call at each school in a year. In such counties he should be given assistants according to the number of schools.

Central Board of Education.
 A systematic development of our educational system would be better accomplished if our educational institutions were placed in charge of a central board of education, instead of having a number of boards as at present. The board of regents of the university have been very successful in securing appropriations from the legislature. The board of regents of the normal schools also are an influential body. The common schools, which are the schools of the masses, are not thus represented, and do not receive their fair proportion of all the money available for educational purposes.

The result is that we are building our educational system from the top down instead of from the bottom up. This system is wrong, and needs to be corrected in the interest of the people. A single board of education, representing all of these interests, would give better business management, would cause the monies to be more equitably apportioned and correlate the state's education activities.

I recommend that the board of regents of the university and the board of regents of the normal schools be abolished, and that there be created instead a central board of education. Continuing Annual Appropriations.

I wish to call attention to the policy of making continuing annual appropriations for the support of numerous public and private institutions. This financial policy has a tendency to keep up the expenditures of these institutions to the amounts made available for them by the appropriations regardless of their actual needs.

There should be frequent reconsideration of all state appropriations, and they should be governed by the necessities of the case and the ability of the people to pay. The annual appropriations now in force under this system amount to nearly \$8,000,000. This large amount suggests the necessity of a complete revision of these appropriations, and a reduction in the amount to conform to a more economical policy.

Water Powers.
 The development and bringing into use of the water powers within the state is a matter which should receive your careful attention. Most if not all powers of considerable magnitude are located upon navigable streams. As to such streams the public right of navigation is superior to any other, but the state has no proprietary interest in the water powers. They belong to the owners of adjacent lands, and it will be manifestly to the public advantage to have them improved and put to use in operating mills, factories and for other beneficial purposes. In the interest and for the protection of navigation it has long been the policy of the state to permit the erection of dams or other works in navigable streams only upon consent of the state, and this policy should be adhered to.

For nearly ten years there has been no substantial improvement of water power properties because of the unfavorable legislation proposed and enacted during that period. In 1911 a water power bill was passed which declared that water powers belonged to and were the property of the state and contained provisions respecting the development and use of such powers so framed as to carry out that view. This act, being challenged before the supreme court, was held unconstitutional for the reason, among others, that it denied the private ownership of water powers.

In 1913 the legislature enacted a new water power law which, while in form recognizing ownership of water powers by riparians, provided in substance that as a condition of granting to water power owners permits to use the water power, the state, by its consent of the state to the erection of dams necessary to utilize their property, such owners should agree in advance to surrender it to the state at any time after thirty years without receiving the compensation which the constitution provides that every citizen shall receive when his property is taken for public use.


It would seem to be the part of wisdom to promptly enact a water power bill which will encourage owners to develop these powers and use them for the purposes to which they can now be put, making at the same time ample provision safeguarding the rights of the state and providing that when the state or any municipality shall require the powers for any recognized public use they shall be available therefor upon payment of the constitutional compensation. If they can be used to operate paper or pulp mills or other factories it will result in cities and towns springing up, as well as in giving to the settlers of our wild lands a market for their forest products and the produce of their farms.

Formerly franchises for the erection of dams and the improvement of streams were granted by special acts, but it seems desirable to pass a general law authorizing the Railroad Commission to investigate each application and grant permits or franchises under such conditions as the legislature shall prescribe.

Too Many Laws.
 Permit me to suggest to you that there is no demand in this state at this time for much new legislation. The legislatures that have assembled here in recent years were evidently possessed with the idea that every human ill can be corrected by statute. The last legislature seemed to be particularly active. It remained in session for eight months and passed 778 laws.

Laws that are not supported by public sentiment or for which there is no general demand are but poorly observed, and non-observance of the law creates contempt for all law. This legislature can render the people a service by removing from the statute books a large number of laws that are useless because public opinion does not support them.

Madison.—Prof. Dana C. Munro, whose unexpected resignation takes effect at the close of the 1915 summer session, has been connected with the history department of the university faculty since 1902.



Silent Dramas

LIKE

"THE Straight Road"

are not produced every week, and we can only have this one three days this week. This is why we urge you to come to the Bijou Tonight, Friday or Saturday this week. It seldom happens that a picture is produced that appeals to all classes of people.

"The Straight Road"


—with—

Gladys Hanson

is just such a picture.

Don't Miss It

The BIJOU



LEAGUE FAVORS BOAT TERMINAL

North Side Organization to Co-operate with City to Put La Crosse on Route

WANT A NEW LIBRARY

Name Committee to Work for Its Establishment; Favor Many Improvements

A resolution favoring the appointment of a committee from the league to co-operate with the committees of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association and the Board of Trade on the municipal harbor plan was last night passed by the North Side Progressive league at their stated meeting at Woodman hall. The action of the city council in asking the co-operation of the league met with the hearty approval of the members.

That the North side should have a better library was the opinion of the league, the action resulting in the appointment of Alfred Foster, F. F. Saltz and Rev. Finch A. Clarke, as a committee to confer with the library board in an attempt to secure better reference and general library facilities for the North side. The advisability of securing the abandoned Episcopal church building on Avon street, as a site for a new library was considered.

Pursuant to present arrangements the Washburn library supplies the North side library rooms, Logan and Caledonia street, with books. Since the establishment of first year high school accommodations in the Logan school, the books have not met the demand in either quality or number. In addition, the location of the rooms was unsatisfactory.

Today Mr. Foster asked Rev. Wm. Everett Johnson to put a price on the church property, but was informed that while it is for sale the price must be made by Bishop William Walter Webb, D. D., of Milwaukee. Father Johnson wrote the bishop for a figure on the church.

Alderman Paul Mahoney assured the league that in case the price is reasonable he will seek to have the city council appropriate funds to buy the church property. It is planned to have the library on the ground floor and to equip the basement to accommodate the Franklin club, the Progressive league and other civic bodies.

Alderman Mahoney reported favorably on the paving of Rose street from the viaduct to St. James street with brick and of Wood street between Logan and Rubie streets with asphalt macadam. The league started agitation for the improvements at a previous meeting. Mr. Mahoney also reported that the council has ordered a sewer on Rose street between St. Paul and Wall streets.

North Side Briefs

O'Neil Shoe store. See \$1 goods. Adolph Knudson has returned to his home on the north side from a

few days' visit in the town of Shelby.

A. T. Morgan of Chicago was a business caller on the north side yesterday.

Mrs. James Welch has returned to her home in Aberdeen, S. D., after a visit at the home of Miss Elizabeth Larkin, 413 Caledonia street.

Rev. Ambrose Murphy, who spent the past few days in Eau Claire, returned to his home, 1032 Caledonia street.

Miss Marie Stewart has returned to her home in Midway after spending the past few days with north side relatives and friends.

Mrs. A. H. Goodrich, Chicago, transacted business on the north side yesterday.

Mrs. N. Brodt, 1630 Kane street, has returned to her home after an extended visit in Chicago and Savanna.

Mrs. A. E. Peterson, 1553 Berlin street, has recovered from the illness which has confined her to her home for the past few days.

William Herman is confined to his home, 818 Berlin street, with illness.

Miss Orabella Sullivan, who spent the past few days in Sparta, has returned to her home, 317 Mill street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Polus have returned to their home in Milwaukee, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sagen, 822 Berlin street.

Mrs. C. McKelth, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Merwin, 1614 Wood street, has returned to her home in Galesville.

THE DOME

TODAY ONLY
 1. THE ONE WHO LOVED HIM BEST. Two parts.
 2. SLIPPERY SLIM AND HIS TOMESTONE.
 3. NEAR DEATH'S DOOR

DREAMLAND

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
 "THE RANGE WAR." In three parts. [A powerful story of the Plains, picturing the jealousy of the cattlemen and sheep men.]

THE STAR

"LAY DOWN YOUR ARMS" Last time today, that marvelous war picture stirring emotion to every spectator, depicting horrors of war and its terrible effects. Also "THE WAGON OF DEATH" Six reel program.

THE CASINO

"LOLA THE GANGSTER" Vitaphone. A story dealing with the rowdiness of city gangs.

"HIS NEMESIS" Two part Kalem. A sensational melodrama.

"THE ROCKY ROAD OF LOVE" A very laughable Vitaphone comedy. FOUR REELS TODAY.

THE CASINO

Tomorrow
 "THE IRON MASTER" One of the best two part dramas ever shown on a screen. Well worth any one's time.

few days' visit in the town of Shelby.

A. T. Morgan of Chicago was a business caller on the north side yesterday.

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Rev. Ambrose Murphy, who spent the past few days in Eau Claire, returned to his home, 1032 Caledonia street.

California Navel Oranges

A New Car in Today

Oranges were never sweeter or jucier or more reasonable in price.

Buy a box or half box. You can save money by buying here. We have an unlimited supply to select from.

Eat oranges every day. They are a healthy food. Oranges are good for every member of the family, for old and young. Cut down your medicine bills by eating oranges. Order your oranges from

JOHN C. BURNS FRUIT HOUSE

THE FASHION SHOP

F. A. REIMAN

EXCLUSIVE GARMENT STORE

Corner Fifth and Main Streets

GOOD FELLOWS, ATTENTION!

The Jefferson Hotel Bar is now under new management. The best of everything, and the best of service. Delicious free lunch served from 3 to 5 each afternoon.

Robt. Braun, Jr., Prop.

GOOD SHOES

of all kinds for every member of the family. The same goods for less money or better goods for the same money that you pay elsewhere.

W. F. Strauss

320 Pearl Street

Are You Getting the Service you would like to have; the service that gets your freight to you as soon as it arrives? Freight delivered from all depots to any part of the city. PHONES 179.

GATEWAY CITY TRANSFER CO.

214-216 Vine Street

SPIRELLA CORSETS

Mrs. M. Carr

District Representative

1028 Vine Street, La Crosse

GERMANS SEIZE COPPER

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 14.—Reports received here say that the Germans have confiscated the copper fittings of all of the railway stations in Antwerp, Ostend and Bruges, and on all of the postal buildings in Antwerp. In addition, copper fittings have been taken from all factories.

KEEP A JAR OF MUSTEROLE HANDY

It Quickly Loosens up Coughs and Colds in Throat or Chest


Just a little MUSTEROLE rubbed on your sore, tight chest before you go to bed will loosen up congestion and break up most severe colds and coughs.

MUSTEROLE is a clean white ointment made with oil of mustard. Simply rub it on. No plaster necessary. Better than mustard plaster and does not blister.

Thousands who use MUSTEROLE will tell what relief it gives from Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Headache, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of the Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chills, Frosted Feet and Colds (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.





You Don't Have To!

Necessity does not demand that you buy art glass here. However, satisfaction and economy do. We make up most artistic effects for windows and doors. Why not submit your requirements to us for an estimate? You cannot do better elsewhere. Of that we are certain.

SEGELKE & KOHLHAUS MANUFACTURING CO.

LA CROSSE WIS. BOTH PHONES 130

Good Until February 1st Save 25c

This ad. is worth 25c on cleaning and pressing any Suit or Dress. You know our prices. Save the difference.

NEW PROCESS CLEANERS

112 North Fifth St.

SOCIETY

SURPRISE PARTY

A party of young people of this city gave Miss Agnes Gjestvang a pleasant surprise at her home in Onalaska. The evening was spent in playing games. The hostess was presented with a gift from her friends. Those present were the Misses Edna Heitman, Esther Heitman, Stella Thorson, Julia and Thelma Peterson, Emma Michels, Esther, Agnes and Mable Gjestvang, Mrs. M. E. Brooks of Helena, Mont.; Messrs. Arthur Bauh, Earl Lyons, John Severson, N. Ritter, Louis Sewasky, Joseph Pickett, Harry Olson, A. Davidson, Leonard Peterson, Jeanne Hall, Royce Phillips and Tedemon Monson.

SOCIAL BRIEFS

Mrs. George Powell, who went to Kansas City, Mo., at Thanksgiving time, has returned home.

Miss Grace Cameron has gone to Minneapolis, Minn., to visit friends.

The Tuesday afternoon Bridge club met this week at the home of Peter Capellen, 1530 Main street.

Mrs. H. E. Horne entertained the Wednesday Bridge club. The prizes were taken by Mrs. Frank Smith and Mrs. George Smith.

Mrs. Paul Pamperin entertained at two tables of bridge Tuesday night. The prize was taken by Mrs. Louis Hirschheimer.

DISCUSS PLANS TO RAISE \$4,000

Ways and means for raising the \$4,000 annual budget of the Associated Charities will be discussed at a meeting of the board of directors Tuesday.

The required amount to operate the organization for 1915 included the humane and visiting nurse branches of the work.

TIMLIN OFF BENCH

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—Because of some trouble with his eyes, Justice W. H. Timlin of Milwaukee, a member of the supreme court, has been unable to attend the sessions of the court at this assignment. For some time past the judge has had trouble with his eyes and his specialists have recommended a special treatment to which he is now submitting.

Your Old Watch

can be put back into its original condition. Our Watch Repair Department makes this its specialty. A watch repaired at IRVINE'S keeps perfect time. The case has the appearance of a new one. Irvine's satisfactory watch repairing has pleased thousands. Why not have the watch you are carrying made into a perfect TIME-PIECE?

W. T. IRVINE, 429 Main Street DIAMONDS

PERSONALS

B. A. Yeomen meeting and dance Tuesday. Masquerade tonight. 35c person. Linker hall.

N. Roalqvam, Peterson, Minn., spent yesterday at a local hotel.

S. W. Abbott, Minneapolis, Minn., was in La Crosse yesterday.

H. C. Shales was a business visitor yesterday from Crystal Lake, Ill.

J. C. Schmidt, Milwaukee, spent yesterday here.

F. G. Rule, Milwaukee, transacted business here yesterday.

R. J. Rosenfeld was a business visitor yesterday from Minneapolis.

Dr. E. F. Christian announces his resignation from the firm of Christensen, Gunderson and Smedal. Calls may be sent to his home, 1436 Madison. Phone (new) 146.

F. H. Essert, Denver, Colo., visited La Crosse friends and transacted business yesterday.

J. H. Loetz, Houston, Minn., visited friends in La Crosse yesterday.

James Murphy was a business visitor here yesterday from Preston, Minn.

Dr. Edward F. Christian, a practicing physician with Drs. Gunderson, Christensen & Smedal, has severed his connection with them and will open offices in the city in the near future. No location has been decided upon as yet.

M. Gibson, Dubuque, Iowa, spent yesterday in the city with friends.

R. A. Meyers, Madison, was here yesterday.

A. W. Campbell was a business visitor yesterday from Beaver Dam.

Albert Piskl was here yesterday from Bangor.

Excellent carriages, Gateway City Transfer Line. Phone 179.

C. W. Worth, Sparta, spent yesterday here.

Fred Hiller, Oshkosh, is in the city transacting business.

J. A. Abraham, Green Bay, was a business caller in La Crosse yesterday.

Hilton Ballo, Oxford, Wis.; J. J. Hazlett, Hudson, S. D.; and C. B. Powley, Independence, Wis., were yesterday given the oath of allegiance to the United States and enlisted in the navy at the local recruiting station.

W. C. Crain, Tomah, was here yesterday.

R. Haines was a business visitor yesterday from Winona, Minn.

G. V. Taylor, Prairie du Chien, returned to his home today after a visit with friends here yesterday.

F. J. Ruland, Mindoro, Wis., spent yesterday at a local hotel.

Chris David, Viroqua, Wis., was a business visitor here yesterday.

A. F. Herald was in the city yesterday from Malden Rock.

Mrs. George Thompson was a visitor here yesterday from Raadstown.

A. J. Broadhead was in the city yesterday from De Soto, Wis.

TEACHERS MEET AT GALESVILLE

County School Board Convention to Be Held Friday; Program by Teachers of County

GALESVILLE, Wis., Jan. 14.—(Special).—Public school teachers of Trempealeau county will gather in Galesville Friday for a convention of the school board. The convention program will be under the direction of County Superintendent Daniel P. Gibson.

The program follows:

Friday, 10 A. M.

"The County Board of Education"—Dr. Henry A. Jegl, Galesville, president of the board.

"The High School Short Course"—Prof. C. J. Anderson, principal of the Galesville schools.

"The Teacher and the School in Relation to the Community"—A. A. Thompson, Madison, rural school inspector.

Friday, 1:30 P. M.

"The Education of the Farmers' Children"—Professor E. D. Long, La Crosse Normal.

"Some Recent Movements for the Improvement of Schools"—By Rural School Inspector A. A. Thompson.

Rev. Thomas' Sermon

Rev. Benjamin Thomas, pastor of the Presbyterian church, will preach on "Blending of Religion With the Business of Everyday Life," next Sunday morning. His theme in the evening will be "One Whom Jesus Loved."

Many farmers are hauling ice from Lake Marinka. It is of excellent quality this year.

Miss Reynolds of Madison, Wis., inspector of grades and teachers' training courses, spent Tuesday and Wednesday inspecting the schools here.

Rev. C. C. Mitchell of Rhode Island, deliver an excellent lecture to a large audience on the Book of Job at the local opera house Monday evening.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Wisconsin.—In Probate—La Crosse County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Frederick H. Miltmore, late of the City of La Crosse, in said County, deceased.

Letters testamentary in said matter having been granted to Mary E. Miltmore, of La Crosse, Wisconsin, notice is hereby given that 6 months after the 13th day of January, A. D. 1915, are allowed to creditors to present their claims against said deceased for examination and allowance; and that said Court will on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court in the Courthouse in the City of La Crosse, in said County, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased.

Dated this 13th day of January, 1915.

By the Court,
JOHN BRINDLEY,
County Judge.

J. E. HIGBEE,
Attorney for the Executor.

ENGINEER'S LIFE AT WORK 12 YEARS

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—A railroad locomotive engineer's occupation is about 60 per cent more hazardous than that of the average risk accepted by American life insurance companies, according to Henry J. Harris of Washington, former statistical expert of the federal department of commerce and labor. Harris before the wage arbitration meeting here produced figures to show that the working life of locomotive engineers is about twelve years.

WOULD CLOSE SALOONS

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—"I'm going to devote my efforts to secure the passage of a law for the closing of all of the saloons of the state at 1 o'clock at night," said Rev. A. E. Frederick of Kendall today. "Heretofore this has been regulated by local ordinances. In Milwaukee the saloons run all night and I think I think the state needs a law that will fix the time for closing."

There comes the coal," thought the fireplace. "I suppose I ought to be grateful."

Your Old Watch

can be put back into its original condition. Our Watch Repair Department makes this its specialty. A watch repaired at IRVINE'S keeps perfect time. The case has the appearance of a new one. Irvine's satisfactory watch repairing has pleased thousands. Why not have the watch you are carrying made into a perfect TIME-PIECE?

W. T. IRVINE, 429 Main Street DIAMONDS

Get a Bottle

Take a teaspoonful every two hours until half is taken, if not better, return the other half and get your full money back.

I'm now talking about Gray's Yerba Santa Cough Cure, and if you have a cough, try this offer. I know you won't regret it.

CHAS. BEYSCHLAG,
Druggist, 503 Main Street

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OLD RESIDENT IS BURIED TUESDAY

VIROQUA, Wis., Jan. 14.—(Special).—Tuesday morning at 10:30, the funeral of the late Harley Trowbridge was held at the home of his son, Dr. Charles Trowbridge, of this city.

Mr. Trowbridge was born in Truist, N. Y., in 1822. He was educated in the Clinton Academy at Clinton, and was married in 1850 to Miss Delia M. Hatch of Barrie Center, that state. He lived at Knowlesville, N. Y., for seven years where he joined the Congregational church. He then moved to Viroqua and joined the church here which had been organized but two years before he came. He was a faithful member, being a deacon for fifty years.

In his earlier days in the city he was in the insurance business and started the first nursery here. He was a Mason and an Odd Fellow.

Since the death of his devoted wife a few years ago he has made his home with his son here.

Of six children he is survived by one son, Dr. C. H. Trowbridge of this city. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Bayne. A quartet composed of Mrs. E. M. Nye, Miss Goodell, Mr. Frank McIntosh and Chris Berg, sang "Jesus Lover of My Soul" and "The Lord is My Shepherd."

The pallbearers were Messrs. Ed Hazen, Dr. Morley, C. Boyle, F. M. Townner, Henry Lindemann and Wm. Trowbridge.

Personals

Rev. Bayne of this city received news of the death of his uncle, H. N. Taft, of Rockford, Ill. He was a retired officer of the United States navy.

Mary Graves visited last week at the home of Frances Bean at Retreat.

The Christian Endeavor society held a candy sale in the postoffice on Tuesday afternoon.

Senator Bennett went to Madison Monday morning to attend the session of the legislature.

William Fisher spent Sunday in La Crosse with his cousin, Mrs. Caroline Bosshard.

A public installation of officers was held by the Mystic Workers in their hall Tuesday night. Refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Graves visited in La Crosse the first of the week.

GARY GIVEN CHANCE

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—If Tommy Gary of Chicago shows well against Ad Wolgast at Grand Rapids the first week in February, he will be matched with Joe Shugrue or Leach Cross in New York or Milwaukee, according to his manager.

LAST RITES FOR G. B. & W. AGENT

Funeral services for W. A. Oakes, agent of the Green Bay & Western railroad, took place at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon from the residence, 1314 Jackson street. Rev. W. E. Watson, pastor of the West Avenue Methodist church, officiated. Interment was made at Oak Grove cemetery.

NOTICE

In the matter of the taking of a strip of land twenty (20) feet wide through the parcel of land adjoining Block Two (2) of Campbell's Addition on the south, for the purpose of laying out, opening, and extending the alley running north and south from Rublee street to Gohres street, between George street and Wood street.

In the matter of laying out, opening, widening and extending Third street North, from the south line of Grove street to a point two hundred forty feet (240 feet) south thereof.

In the matter of taking a strip of land sixteen feet wide through Weber's Addition (unrecorded), for the purpose of laying out, opening and extending an alley north and south through said addition, from La Crosse street to the south line of said addition, between Eleventh street and the east line of said addition.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1915, the Common Council of the City of La Crosse duly passed a resolution, whereby it appropriated and set apart in the hands of the City Treasurer a sum of money equal to the amount of damages, and balance of damages and benefits, where the damages exceed the benefits, awarded by the Commissioners in the above entitled matters, which award has been confirmed by the said Common Council as to said matters; and

That pursuant to said resolution so passed, the undersigned City Clerk of said City of La Crosse has certified to the City Treasurer a copy of said award of damages or balance of damages and benefits as aforesaid, as confirmed by said council.

And notice is further given that the awards and damages and balance of the damages and benefits as aforesaid (herein are ready to be paid by the City Treasurer of said city at his office, to the person entitled thereto, upon each such claimant furnishing an abstract of title showing himself entitled to the same, and giving receipt for said benefits, damages and balances, and if required so to do by said treasurer, upon his furnishing of a bond to the said treasurer for the use of said city, with good and sufficient sureties, to hold said city harmless from all loss, costs and expenses in case any other person should claim and recover said damages or balances or any part thereof.

Dated at the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin, this 12th day of January, A. D. 1915.

E. H. HOFFMAN,
City Clerk of the City of La Crosse.

J. E. HIGBEE,
City Attorney.

NEW ORPHEUM VODVIL

SHOW Today, Friday and Saturday

MURPHY, POLLACK and CO.

IN A
HILARIOUS FARCE

KELLS and HAFFNER

PRESENTING IN STORY AND SONG A GLIMPSE AT LIFE
"FROM DAWN TO TWILIGHT"

DAVIES and ROMELLI

EXPONENTS OF
ROMAN SPORTS

GILBERT LOSEE

THE MAN WITH THREE VOICES

RAMSEY SISTERS

THOSE MUSICAL GIRLS

PATHE WEEKLY

England Shelled by German Warships

New York Subway Fire

MAJESTIC

SEATS RESERVED BY MAIL OR PHONE.
BOX OFFICE OPEN 10:00 A. M. TO 10:00 P. M.

TRouble IMPENDS ON THREE SIDES

State and Federal Authorities Are Probing Young Pastor and Wife Asks Divorce

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—James Morrison Darnell, young Unitarian minister whose marital difficulties include serious charges by three young women who claim to be his wife, today faced possible prosecution on one of two charges.

State's Attorney Hoyne today took personal charge of an investigation to learn if the silvery tongued preacher played the part of bridegroom in more than one ceremony while the bride of the first still was living.

Hinton C. Clabaugh, local head of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, assumed direction of a probe to learn whether Darnell, in his alleged trips to and from pastors in Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota violated the Mann white slave act.

To add to Darnell's troubles process servers from the circuit court today set out to locate the handsome young minister. They want to serve him with papers in the divorce suit brought against him by 17-year-old Doris Vaughan "Darnell", who says she married the minister last fall.

CONSISTORY FEBRUARY 22

ROME, Jan. 14.—The date for the February consistory, previously decided on, has been fixed as February 22, according to an announcement at the vatican today. This will be the first under the reign of Pope Benedict.

MARINER'S DRUG STORE SELLING COUGH MEDICINE AT HALF PRICE TODAY

A CHANCE TO REDUCE EXPENSES

Any person calling at Geo. E. Mariner, 425 Main street Drug Store today or tomorrow and presenting the coupon below, will be entitled to a 50c bottle of Schiffmann's Concentrated Expectorant for half price. But remember on these days only. With a view to giving those who have not yet used this excellent remedy an opportunity of trying it, to prove its merits, all persons applying are thus given a chance to obtain a regular 50c bottle for 25c, by presenting the coupon below. Even though not in need of such a medicine at the present time, it will pay to buy one today, as some such medicine is sure to be required before the winter is over, but this remedy cannot be obtained at half price again.

This excellent remedy is so strongly concentrated that 2 ounces when mixed at home with simply one pint of granulated sugar and one-half pint of water (according to printed directions) makes a whole family supply (16 ounces) as much as would ordinarily cost \$2.00 to \$3.00 for the same quantity of the old, ordinary, ready-made kinds of cough medicine, of doubtful merit. It is prepared from strictly harmless plants, contains absolutely no chloroform, opium, morphine, or any other narcotic or injurious drugs which do most Cough Remedies, and can therefore be given to children with perfect safety. It is pleasant to take and children are fond of it. Besides absolutely no risk whatever is run in buying this remedy, as Geo. E. Mariner's Drug Store will refund your 25c if it is not found the very best remedy ever used for Stubborn Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough or Hoarseness. Persons calling after the supply has been sold or living out of the city where it cannot be obtained of a local druggist, will not be disappointed but will be sent a bottle, postpaid, upon receipt of the coupon and 25c, providing they write the proprietor today. Address: R. Schiffmann, 205 W. 6th St., St. Paul, Minn.

TWENTY-FIVE CENT COUPON—NO. 3

This coupon and 25c is good for one (only) 50c bottle of Schiffmann's Concentrated Expectorant at Geo. E. Mariner's Drug Store if presented today or tomorrow only.

Name Address

U. S. COTTON REPORT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Effect of the war on the American cotton industry was delineated in a census bureau report today on December because showing 450,834 bales, exclusive of linters, consumed during December, against 456,262 in December, 1913, and 30,465,968 cotton spindles active, against 31,004,716 in December, 1913. Held in manufacturing establishments December 31 were 1,342,300 bales, against 1,728,559 a year ago, and in independent warehouses, 5,187,877 bales against 3,312,793 last year. Exports last month were 1,012,115 bales against 1,230,830 in December, 1913.

THE HAIR THAT ARTISTS ADMIRE

Ask an artist what he considers the chief charm of beautiful hair and he will answer that he looks for even color, brilliance and a looseness that eliminates any hard, definite lines. Naturally beautiful and healthy hair are obtained by retaining a perfectly clean head. In washing the hair it is not advisable to use a makeshift, but always use a preparation made for shampooing only. You can enjoy the best that is known for about three cents a shampoo by getting a package of canthox from your druggist; dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water and your shampoo is ready. After its use the hair dries rapidly with uniform color. Dandruff, excess oil and dirt are dissolved and entirely disappear. Your hair will be so fluffy that it will look much heavier than it is. Its lustre and softness will also delight you, while the stimulated scalp gains the health which insures hair growth.

ORIGINAL GENUINE Horlicks

Malted Milk

"Others are Imitations"

The Food-Drink for all Ages

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More healthful than tea or coffee. Take no substitute. Ask for HÖRLICK'S

LA CROSSE THEATRE TODAY AND FRIDAY

FOLLOW THE CROWDS

"Golden Heart"

A beautiful northern feature in three parts. STRAND war film. Belgian, French and German troops. Soldiers watching over the graves of their dead comrades, etc. Seven reel program. 5c and 10c.

SATURDAY ONLY

JACKIE SAUNDERS Don't miss seeing her.

Sunday Matinee and Night—"GIRL OF MY DREAMS"

SEVEN REELS SEVEN REELS

WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a 25-cent bottle of Danderuff at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After a few applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.

MANY CITIES ARE RAZED BY SHOCK

(Continued from Page One.)

getic steps to rescue the victims and to restore the shattered towns. The military has assumed charge and troops are being rushed into the devastated area with all possible speed. Doctors and medical supplies already are on the way. The government is in excellent shape to meet the present crisis as the army is on practically a war basis, while there are tons of medical supplies stored at the various headquarters.

In Heart of Italy
The area that suffered from the quake is included in the territory through the heart of Italy from the Mediterranean to the Adriatic. There is included some several hundred square miles extending on the west from Rome to Naples and thence directly east through the peninsula to the Adriatic. The main chain of the Italian mountains that form the backbone of the Italian peninsula runs through this section.

Most of those who were killed in Avezzano were crushed in the ruins of their own homes. Governmental reports say houses collapsed under the violence of the shock as though made of cards.

Fire broke out in the ruins shortly after the initial shock but it is reported that it was quickly extinguished. The uninjured immediately started the work of rescue and the section of the city that suffered least was requisitioned for hospital purposes. It is stated that more than 1,500 persons were injured, many seriously.

Word by Messenger
There was no way of getting word of the tragedy to the outside world except by messenger. It required nearly all day for the courier to reach a point where he could get into communication with Rome. The king at once ordered cavalry and infantry to the rescue and practically all of the territory affected is now under martial law.

Not only has railroad traffic into the stricken district been interrupted with no trains moving, but it is reported that in many instances the roads along the mountain sides have been turned into deep gullies that are almost impassable. The king, it is announced, will take personal charge of the work of relief. He is arranging to go to the scene in an automobile as soon as a route is located.

The cabinet met today and adopted energetic measures for the relief of the quake sufferers. Funds were appropriated for the work and the military authorities were authorized to utilize such army supplies as may be needed in feeding and caring for the stricken people.

Pope Quells Panic
The actual casualty list in Rome itself was small, but the reports today constantly increase the property

Don't Merely "Stop" a Cough

Stop the Thing that Causes It and the Cough will Stop Itself

A cough is really one of our best friends. It warns us that there is inflammation or obstruction in a dangerous place. Therefore, when you get a cough don't proceed to dose yourself with a lot of drugs that merely "stop" the cough temporarily by deadening the throat nerves. Treat the cause—kill the inflamed membranes. Here is a home-made remedy that gets right at the cause and will make an obstinate cough vanish more quickly than you ever thought possible.

Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. This gives you a full pint of the most pleasant and effective cough remedy you ever used, at a cost of only 54 cents. No bother to prepare. Full directions with Pinex.

It heals the inflamed membranes so gently and promptly that you wonder how it does it. Also loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and stops the formation of mucus in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, rich in quaiacal, and is famous the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

WOMEN'S CLUB TO "KEEP IN TOUCH WITH CHILDREN"

North Side Organization Votes to Assist in Raising Funds for the Convention

The La Crosse Women's club at a meeting on the North side yesterday afternoon voted to adopt a like plan to the Twentieth Century club in raising funds for the State Federation of Women's clubs to be held in La Crosse in the fall.

Mrs. H. L. Partridge, Mrs. H. J. Bullock and Mrs. George Lucke were appointed a committee to arrange for social affairs by which the club hoped to raise part of the needed amount.

Each member pledged herself responsible for \$5. If the amount needed is not made through the plans of the committee appointed.

BOYCOTT PARTIES THAT DON'T STAND FOR PROHIBITION

Hon. Charles Woertendyke delivered a talk on prohibition at 2:30 this afternoon in the parlors of the Presbyterian church. The discussion was largely along economic and governmental policy lines. Another meeting will be held in Onalaska.

The prohibition, Christian Endeavor and "Flying Squadron" were all represented by Mr. Woertendyke, who is enlisted in the undertaking to secure pledges from five million voters that "no political party can have my vote that does not declare for national prohibition of the liquor traffic."

Damage. There is nothing but the highest praise everywhere for Pope Benedict, who, when the first shock was felt, was reciting the thanksgiving after morning mass. He immediately directed that every effort be made to aid the sufferers and by his example finally quelled an incipient panic among his attendants and guards. His holiness immediately gave orders for a solemn high mass in the cathedral and had an investigation made of the damage sustained by St. Peter's.

Dispatches from Ancona say that a heavy storm raged yesterday on the Adriatic coast, accompanied by a heavy fall of snow. Naples reports a tidal wave on the Gulf of Gaeta, probably due to the earthquake.

According to officials of the Vatican, there is a possibility that Pope Benedict may personally go to the stricken district. He has directed that every priest who can be spared be sent into the earthquake zone to aid in caring for the dead and injured. All details of the disaster, as far as they are received, are rushed to him.

The king is reported as having already personally inspected some of the damaged cities and towns on the outskirts of the stricken district. He is planning to go direct to Avezzano according to the premier. The Rome newspapers say that an attempt was made to restrain him from endangering his own life, pointing out that the gravity of the international situation made his remaining in Rome almost imperative. He declared that the suffering of his own people were nearer to his heart than anything international could be.

Pope Benedict has sent Mgr. Sagni, archbishop of Aquila, to the scene and has directed that the church furnish all possible aid. Because the survivors are suffering terribly from cold, the Vatican, national government and Rome authorities are rushing food, fuel and clothing from this city to the stricken region. The inhabitants of Rome are still panic stricken. Many are remaining in the open, refusing to return to their homes, fearing a recurrence of the tremors. The second shock, at 3 o'clock this morning, was violent enough so that everyone felt it. Thousands, screaming frantically with fright, rushed into the streets and the open squares in their night clothing. When they were finally persuaded to return to their homes, they remained only long enough to secure their clothing and then went back to the open country. Many of the smaller buildings damaged in yesterday's shake were completely demolished while the big public structures damaged were rendered still more unsafe.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 14.—"Rome and Central Italy will doubtless feel subsequent tremors for days, as the settling process follows yesterday's violent quake," said Father Odenbach, director of St. Ignace university observatory, commenting on the second and minor earthquake reported from Rome today. "It is the natural process," said the scientist. "The same was true at San Francisco."

"KEEP IN TOUCH WITH CHILDREN"

This Is Advice of Cotton in Address to Farmers at Campbell Town Hall

An address by Prof. F. A. Cotton of the Normal school, "Father and Son", yesterday afternoon featured the monthly meeting of the LaCrosse County Agricultural, Horticultural and Dairy association in Campbell hall. Mr. Cotton in his address made the statement that much of the crime now-a-days would not be if parents kept in closer touch with their children during the critical years of development.

"Efficiency" was the title of the address given by Rev. Finch A. Clarke of the North Presbyterian church. The peace problem in the United States besides the question of prohibition was considered by Rev. Clarke in his address.

Several musical numbers were given by the county agricultural school orchestra and male quartette besides a piano solo by Miss Meyers of La Crosse, and a violin solo of Donald Ready of Onalaska. Mrs. T. H. Campion read the first inaugural address of President Lincoln.

The meeting was the annual literary and social session of the society. Dinner was served at noon. Ferdinand Hauser was elected president of the association at the annual election of officers held before the program. Other officers elected were William Moos, vice president; Ray Hawkins, secretary; and Mrs. H. P. Richmond, treasurer. The executive committee was chosen to consist of Mrs. W. A. Pitt, B. A. Smith, E. H. Kinney, A. W. Dawson and Miss Edith Moos.

M. J. CLEARY GETS MAHON'S JOB

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—M. J. Cleary, Blanchardville, has been appointed by Gov. Philip as his counsel. He succeeds T. J. Mahon of Milwaukee, who served Gov. McGovern. Mr. Cleary was born in Moscow, Iowa county, Sept. 23, 1877. He was educated in Wisconsin schools and took two years' work at the university. He was graduated from law in 1901 and took up practice in Blanchardville, Lafayette county. He was chairman of the county board for two years and elected to the assembly in 1906 and again in 1908.

ANNEXATION IS DEBATE SUBJECT

The Franklin club at their meeting this evening in Fielstad hall will discuss the advisability of a possible annexation of Mexico to the United States. The question reads, "Resolved, that the peaceful annexation of Mexico to the United States would be beneficial to both countries."

FEDERAL OFFICER VISITS
MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—Royal Meeker, commissioner of labor statistics of the federal government, was in Madison today. He discussed the keeping of uniform statistics with members of the industrial commission.

CASCARETS FOR YOUR BOWELS IF HEADACHY, SICK

Tonight! Clean your bowels and end Headaches, Colds, Sour Stomach

Get a 10-cent box.
Put aside—just once—the Salts, Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters which merely force a passageway through the bowels, but do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.
Keep your "insides" pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour food and cool cases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken, and cost only 10 cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Severe Colds, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated Bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.

HOWARD M. JONES WRITES MASQUE ON LOCAL THEME

Normal School Will Present Production Following Elizabethan Form at Commencement

"A MASQUE OF MARSH AND RIVER"

Play Written in Dignified Blank Verse and Is Interspersed with Occasional Lyrics

A masque that follows the form of the Elizabethan period will take the place of the usual pageant in the commencement exercises of the La Crosse Normal school.

Entitled "A Masque of Marsh and River," it is from the pen of Howard M. Jones, author and orator whose genius has brought fame to La Crosse.

Mr. Jones, who will soon join the faculty of the La Crosse normal, wrote the masque during his post graduate work in Chicago university, where he is still engaged. He expects to return and take the leading role in the allegory, in which he will impersonate Grand-dad Bluff.

Combines Three Arts
This unique revival of an Elizabethan dramatic form combines acting, music and dancing, and affords a rare opportunity for the school to present a beautiful production.

The masque deals with the adventures of four ordinary citizens who are inspecting land sites to secure a place to build a factory. While they are engaged in their search the fairies come upon them and at first, when a bat (one of the characters in the play) tells them what horrible things will result from the destruction of woodland scenery thus proposed, the fairies are prepared to deal rather roughly with the promoters. Father Grand-dad, however, interposes, and suggests that if the mortals could see the spirits who live in marsh and woodland, they would not deal so harshly with them.

The spirits are accordingly summoned to dance before Grand-dad, and so charmed are the mortals by the exquisite spectacle that, as is proper in fairy plays, they resolve to construct their building elsewhere. The masque is entitled "A Masque of Marsh and River."

From the above brief outline it is evident that Mr. Jones has localized his play. This gives an added interest to the performance, since the production, following the traditions of the masque, will be staged out of doors, probably in Myrick park; and the marsh, the woods, Father Grand-dad, the frogs and bats and reeds and water lilies who take part will all be found within close proximity of the playing place.

Dignified Blank Verse
The play is written in verse throughout. The greater part is composed in blank verse of beauty and dignity; and here and there charming lyrics are interspersed, after the fashion of the lyrics in Comus, in the opinion of Mr. Coate, the head of the English department. The author has succeeded in a high degree in combining beauty of line, skill in technique and opportunity for dramatic effect. "The poetry of the lines is on a very high plane," says Mr. Coate, "and the lyrics are exquisite. This will be an unusual opportunity for La Crosse to see something of the poetic drama. The opportunity will be the more unique for the reason that, excepting for Percy Mackaye's Bird-Mask, Mr. Jones' work is the only attempt at a revival of the masque form in the middle west, so far as I know."

Speth Leads Dancers
The dancing, which forms an important part of the whole, will be in charge of Dr. Speth, who bears the good old masque title of Master of Dances. Original music will be composed by Homer Cotton and the best of classical music ransacked to furnish proper accompaniments for the dances. Mr. Coate, "Master of the Play," will have charge of the acting. Mr. Cotton bears the title of "Master of Music."

The author has promised a talk on the masque as an art form some time before the production.

TWO KILLED BY SOCIETY?
LA PORTE, Ind., Jan. 14.—Salvatore Clune and Joseph Mirsenna, both of Cleveland, today were found shot to death in Fox Memorial park. The police say black handers were responsible.

MICHEL FUNERAL

With Rev. G. Sluyter officiating, funeral services for John N. Michel, 624 North Ninth street, were held at 8 o'clock this morning from St. Joseph's cathedral. Interment was made at Oak Grove cemetery.

HAVE BABY DAUGHTER.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Wojtecki, 1510 South Tenth street, are the parents of a baby girl, born January 11.

PHILIPP MAY SEND A MESSAGE

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 14.—The executive office has announced that in addition to Gov. E. L. Philipp's first message to the legislature, special messages will be sent in early on the subjects of game laws, semi-annual payment of taxes, and the primary election law.

BLEASE RESIGNS AT END OF TERM

Quits as Governor of South Carolina with Five Days More to Serve; Has Pardoned 3,000

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 14.—Gov. Cole L. Blease resigned at noon today, five days before his term expired.

Disregarding the attacks of his critics, Blease, who has a record of having pardoned or paroled more than 3,000 convicts, today declared he was proud of his "record of mercy."

"It was right to extend this mercy to my fellow men, and it was my duty," said Blease. "I expect a reward for it, not only here, but hereafter. I believe that there is a God; I believe that He is my God, and I believe that but for His help, I would have never been governor of South Carolina."

Included among the 3,000 persons on whom Blease signed clemency papers were more than 500 men and women serving prison terms for killing fellow men. Every known crime from robbery to attacks upon women was charged against the army of convicts paroled or pardoned.

VERNON COUNTY PIONEER DIES

Mrs. Marie Schorey Passed Away at Her Home in Genoa Wednesday

Mrs. Marie Ray Schorey, one of the pioneers of Vernon county, died last evening at her home near Genoa, aged 88 years. The infirmities of old age caused death.

Mrs. Schorey came to Genoa in 1855 and had lived on a farm near there ever since. She was born in New Bedford, Mass., June 29, 1826. Surviving her are seven children, Alfred and Charles Schorey of Genoa; Mrs. Lucy Robinson of Stoddard, Wis.; Mrs. Hattie Deonie of Milwaukee; Mrs. Ella Evans of Canada, and Leo Schorey of Seattle, Wash.

Funeral services will be held at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon at the Riverside school near Genoa. Rev. Boynton of the Genoa Methodist church to officiate. Burial will take place in Riverside cemetery.

LEOPOLD H. SILL GETS DAMAGES

Leopold H. Sill, 1523 Mississippi street, was awarded judgment of \$500 against the Chase Motor Truck company, for injuries sustained when a Chase truck struck him, by a jury in circuit court yesterday afternoon.

Sill was riding a bicycle at the time of the accident. It is claimed careless driving caused the collision.

INDIAN WANTS PAROLE

Little Ben Scott, Indian, found guilty by United States district court of introducing liquor into the Lac du Flambeau Indian reservation and sentenced to sixty days in the La Crosse county jail, with a fine of \$100, today made application for parole to United States Commissioner Alfred Harrison and was released.

HORSE IS SHOT

Police were forced to shoot a horse, the property of Joseph Schubert, proprietor of a meat market, 315 North Thirteenth street, at noon today. Turning into Jay street from the alley between Third and Fourth streets, the horse slipped on the ice breaking a leg.

O'KEEFE BURIED

Funeral services for Charles O'Keefe were held at 9:30 o'clock this morning from St. Mary's church, Rev. Robert B. Condon officiating. Burial was made in the Catholic cemetery.

EVENSON TO MEETING

H. Clay Evenson leaves tonight to attend the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Association of Optometrists to be held in Milwaukee.

BREAKS A COLD, OPENS CLOGGED HEAD AND NOSE

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or gripe in few hours

Relief comes instantly.
A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

EAGLE OFFICERS ARE INSTALLED

Hall Packed at Ceremony Last Night; State Officials Here and Participate in Big Banquet

PLANS FOR STATE CONVENTION

Big Event Will Bring Minimum of 10,000 to City with Fifteen or Twenty Bands

With the Eagles' hall packed, newly elected officers of the local aerie were installed last night.

State officers were in attendance and following the installation a banquet was served.

The state officers attending last night were: William Armstrong, Racine, state president; T. M. Toll, Milwaukee, past state president; John C. Nichols, Janesville, state secretary; R. J. Strauss, Marshfield, state vice president; John M. Ward, Kenosha, aerie secretary, also attended, as did A. G. Botham, president of the Winona, Minn., aerie.

The officers installed following: Past worthy president—C. A. Dittman.

President—W. A. Adams. Vice president—Frank Muth. Chaplain—B. E. Turner. Recording secretary—D. S. Greig. Treasurer—F. H. Grebner. Doctors Callahan, Leuck, Rosholt and Herbert were declared aerie physicians.

Plans were discussed for the state convention of the Eagles which is to be held in La Crosse the third week in June, the definite dates to be announced later.

The convention will be the biggest gathering ever awarded La Crosse. An indication of its immensity was secured at Antigo last summer, where 10,000 men were in line at once.

"The Eagles' convention will be by far the biggest gathering ever held in La Crosse," said C. A. Dittman last night. "There will be a minimum of 10,000 men in the parade. That of course is only a part of the number of strangers that will come to La Crosse, many of the members taking their entire families to the state meets."

"Milwaukee aerie has already raised \$3,000 which it will use to defray the cost of sending its delegation, bands and celebrations while in our city. There will be at least fifteen bands accompanying the various delegations and these bands range in size from thirty to one hundred pieces."

"Housing of the delegates will be one of the big problems to be solved here, and we will need the co-operation of the merchants and citizens to handle the affair."

W. E. Armstrong spoke on the rapid growth of the Eagles all over the country.

"In spite of a business depression which many are feeling," he said, "the Eagles' aeries everywhere are growing, and do not seem to be affected in the least."

The speaker asked for co-operation in the state and national conventions, claiming that was the way to obtain rapid progress.

T. M. Toll and William Ward also made addresses.

TAKES OFFICE FOR HER FOURTH TERM

Mrs. Sarah Luther Is Installed as President of Wm. McKinley Relief Corps

Elected president for the fourth successive term, Mrs. Sarah Luther was last night installed as head of the William McKinley Relief corps, No. 108, at a meeting last evening at their hall at the court house. Other officers were installed as follows:

President, Sarah Luther; S. V. P., Sarah Schaefer; J. V. P., Jennie Bailey; secretary, Mabel Stanton; treasurer, Mabel Byrne; chaplain, Sarah Calkins; conductress, Elizabeth Potts; guard, Katherine Langdon; assistant conductress, Kate Kromholz; assistant guard, Louise Wachsmuth; C. B. No. 1, Julia Larsen; C. B. No. 2, Mary Quinn; C. B. No. 3, Virginia Phelps; C. B. No. 4, Gertrude Pette; musician, Lulu Wachsmuth; patriotic instructor, Helen Withrow; press correspondent, Mabel Stanton; delegate, Lulu Wachsmuth; alternate, Mabel Stanton.

Lulu Wachsmuth acted as installing officer and was presented with a token of esteem by the ladies of the corps.

Mabel Stanton, past secretary, and Mabel Byrne, past treasurer, were both remembered with tokens for their good work in the past. Both were re-elected for the third term.

The installation was public, all posts and corps in the city being invited. Refreshments were served.

DEWEY MAKES REPORT
D. C. Dewey, La Crosse humane officer read his monthly report to the humane committee of the association at a meeting held at the court house this afternoon.

CLARKE TAKES OFFICE

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 14.—Gov. George W. Clarke, republican, was inaugurated for a second term this afternoon.

BOYS AND GIRLS \$10 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY FOR AN ESSAY

To the boy or girl who can best describe in 200 words the difference between an Oculist and an Optometrist; where the title oculist is obtained; why an Optometrist is best qualified to examine eyes, and prescribe glasses for the aid of vision; why Optometry is not a part of the medical course.

Rules for contestants: Each person must agree to permit his essay to be printed in this paper. Contest closes January 31st, 1918.

Mail your essay to H. C. Evenson, Optometrist, La Crosse, Wis. Any boy or girl with the aid of a dictionary can win this prize. Or ask your teacher, mother or father to help you. If you wish booklets on the subject they will be gladly supplied, if you will call at the office, over Hoerschler's Drug Store, 5th and Main streets.

AGED RESIDENT DIES ON TUESDAY

Mrs. Mary L. Johnson Who Lived in La Crosse Since 1873 Dead at Daughter's Home

Mrs. Mary L. Johnson, a resident of La Crosse since 1873, died Tuesday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Laura Larson, 1333 Avon street, Carletona, with which she had been ill since September of last year, was the cause of death.

Mrs. Johnson was born January 2, 1845, in Hedemarken, Norway. She came to this country in 1873, settling in La Crosse.

Surviving her are two children, Albert B. Johnson and Mrs. Laura Larson of La Crosse. Her husband died in 1889.

Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the residence, 1333 Avon street, and at 2:30 from the Charles Street Lutheran church, Rev. E. O. Vik to officiate. Burial will take place in Oak Grove cemetery.

LARGE CLASS WILL ENTER HIGH SCHOOL FOR SPRING SEMESTER

Names of 140 on List of Those in Freshman Class Which Will Bring Enrollment to 925

The high school freshman class this spring is to be large. One hundred forty names appear on the list. With the addition of this class the total enrollment of the high school is expected to reach 925. Of the class of 54 which is graduating this semester, a large delegation will return to take up extra work and many of the others will go to the normal for the following semester.

It is interesting to note that in the classes coming in the Latin and German courses are holding their own. A few years ago most of the pupils elected the commercial course. This year, however, there will be ten classes in Latin. From the incoming class 38 have elected this subject as their major study. Seventy-five have decided to make German their major and sixty-seven have selected commercial. Manual training and sewing are also popular. Forty have decided to take up manual training. Fifty-two girls will take sewing.

Occasionally we meet a man who looks as if he had tried to preserve his dignity in alcohol.

CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR CATARRH, DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES

If you know someone who is troubled with catarrh deafness or head noises, cut out this formula and hand it to them and you will have the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. Experiments conducted in England some time ago seem to prove conclusively that catarrh deafness, head noises, etc., were directly caused by constitutional trouble. It was further brought out that salves, sprays, inhalers, etc., merely temporize with the complaint, and seldom, if ever, effect a permanent cure. This being so, much time and money were spent in perfecting a pure, gentle, yet effective tonic that would quickly dispel all traces of the catarrh poison from the system. The prescription which was eventually formulated and which has aroused the belief that catarrh deafness and head noises will soon be extinct is given below in understandable form so that anyone can treat themselves in their own home at little expense.

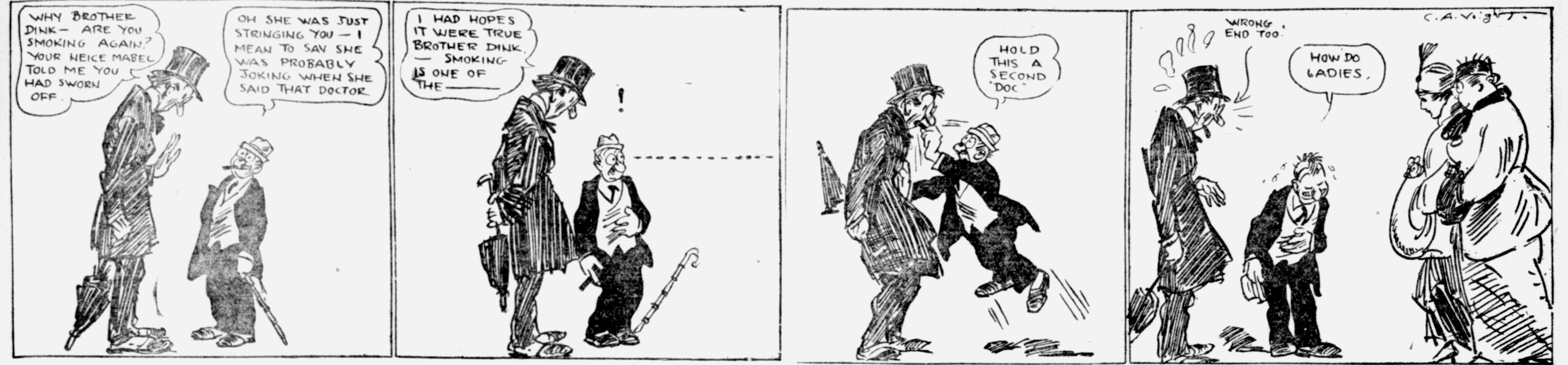
Secure from your druggist 1 oz. Parmitin (Double Strength), about 75c worth. Take this home and add to it ¼ pint of hot water and 4 oz. of granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day.

Parmitin is used in this way not only to reduce by tonic action, the inflammation and swelling in the Eustachian Tubes, and thus to equalize the air pressure on the drum, but to correct any excess of secretions in the middle ear.

Every person who has catarrh in any form should give this recipe a trial and free themselves from this destructive disease.

PETEY DINK—The Pastor Stands Convicted on Circumstantial Evidence

By C. A. Voight



Classified Want Ad Rates

Under any classification, one-half cent per word for each insertion. No single insertion for less than fifteen cents.

A MONTHLY RATE of fifty cents per line per month is made on standing ads. Nothing less than three lines accepted under this rate.

TELEPHONE YOUR AD. TO THE TRIBUNE office any time before noon, and it will be inserted the same day.

BOTH PHONES 323.

HELP WANTED—MALE

FRATERNAL ORDER of Rangers offers a big inducement to three or four young men to assist the organizer in building up a local lodge in this city. Pays for sickness, accident and death. Call between 6 p. m. and 8 p. m. Ask for Mr. Ames, Room 12, American house. 1 14 16

EXCELLENT business opening for capable man to represent reliable automobile accessory supply house. \$100 and reference required. \$100 secured by stock. National Distributing Co., 420 Matthews Building, Milwaukee, Wis. 1 12 14

WANTED—Learn barber trade. We pride ourselves in having the best equipped barber school in the United States. Write for catalog. Tri-City Barber College, Davenport, Iowa. Thursday 10 15 15

WANTED—A few organizers. Pleasant work. Good pay. Work in La Crosse. Address W. K., care Tribune. 1 13 14

WANTED—Carpenters and carpenter foreman. Write James E. Hinzman Waukon, Iowa. 11 9 14

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Cook. Apply Mrs. Maurer, 235 South Seventh. 1 14 14

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Jefferson hotel. No other need apply. 1 13 15

WANTED—Girl who can operate typewriter for office work. W. V. Kidder, 114 N. 5th St. 1 13 14

WANTED—Maid. La Crosse hospital. 1 8 14

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—270 acre improved farm, four miles from Sprague, Wis.; 320 acres of wild, level land, 2 1/2 miles from Friendship county seat. Will sell separate if desired. Must sell one soon. Very reasonable. Phone or write Albert Nimetz, 2416 Main, La Crosse, Wis. 1 9 15

FOR SALE—Twelve room house, good out buildings, with four lots. Mrs. Rogers, West La Crosse. 1 14 20

FOR SALE—Winchester repeater gun. Can be seen at Bluff Arcade saloon, 28th and Main. 11 11 14

FOR SALE—Two delivery horses, drive single or double, and double harness. La Crosse Sausage Factory. 12 15 14

FOR SALE—If you want A No. 1 green oak wood, call new phone 923-C. 1 14 16

FOR SALE—Good range, soft coal heater and good plush coat. Inquire 105 South Sixth. 12 14 14

FOR SALE—Pair of birch sliding doors, with runners. New Phone 1137-C. 6 23 14

FOR SALE—Five 8-foot plate glass show cases, marble base, at 322 Main street. 12 29 14

FOR SALE—Cheap, second hand 35 h. p. boiler and engine. New phone 688-A. 8 27 14

FOR SALE—Horse and buggy, cheap. W. C. Foster, North end Prospect street, Salem road. 1 9 14

FOR SALE—Two lots, one 4 h. p. steam engine and boiler. A bargain. Call new phone 466-M. 1 11 16

FOR SALE—Household goods. 913 Mill street. 7 30 14

BOILER 30 h. p., \$125. N. N. Laim. 5 13 14

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Lightly furnished front room suitable for man and wife, or two girls. Have use of dining room and kitchen. Inquire 433 North Sixth. 11 30 14

FOR RENT—Six room modern residence, 706 State. Call 1530 Main. 1 14 14

FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS—gas, city water. 943 Grove. 1 13 14

FOR RENT—Three furnished light housekeeping rooms. 714 Cass. 1 13 14

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms. 703 Pine. 1 12 14

FOR RENT—Seven rooms, modern. 1021 Jackson. 1 9 14

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with or without board. 627 Vine St. 12 28 14

FOR RENT—Small garage. \$2.50 per month. New Phone 1691-A. 1 14 14

FOR RENT—Two large modern furnished rooms. 631 State. 12 31 14

CITY HEATED ROOMS, 514 1/2 State. 1 12 14

FOR RENT—Half of double house, six rooms, modern except heat. 46 Jackson. 12 19 14

FOR RENT—Nice large office room over 307 Main street. City heat. Call 194-C new phone. 1 14 14

FOR RENT—Store building, 119 South Third. Inquire La Crosse Sausage Factory. 1 14 14

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Three or four rooms, nicely furnished, suitable for light housekeeping. Gentleman and wife, no children. References exchanged. Address 946, care of Tribune. 1 14 14

WANTED TO TRADE—One acre of land with good five room house and barn, in city limits, for property near street car line. Old phone 2822. 1 14 20

WANTED—Two furnished rooms with board. Married couple (no children). Private family only. Reference exchanged. Address 898, care of Tribune. 1 14 14

CINDERS—50c per load. Delivered to any part of south side. Wisconsin-Minnesota Light and Power Co. Phone 112. 10 23 14

WANTED—Second hand typewriter desk at once. Address P. O. Box 706, La Crosse, Wis. 1 14 16

WANTED—Set of chain tug farm harness. Address C. H., care of Tribune. 1 14 16

WANTED—A place to work for room and board by high school girl. Call new phone 750-R. 1 14 16

WANTED—By young lady, general housework. 531 King. New phone 1256-R. 1 14 16

WANTED—Work by two girls in a restaurant or hotel, or housework. Address G. H., care Tribune. 1 13 15

WANTED—Seven or eight room house in good condition; not particular as to location. Address 637, care of Tribune. 1 12 18

WANTED—Baby or two small children to board. References furnished. 922 Hood street. 1 12 14

WANTED—Washing and ironing. New phone 1436-A. 1 14 16

LOST

LOST—Black and tan female fox setter. 431 West avenue north. 1339-C new phone. Reward. 1 13 15

LOST—Monday evening, a black leather hand bag containing sum of money. Return to Tribune. Reward. 1 13 15

LOST—Sunday, a smoke colored angora cat. Return to Allen hotel. 1 12 15

LOST—Blue enameled butterfly pin. At Lyric or on street. Return to Tribune. Reward. 1 12 14

LOST—Five pad-lock keys and one door key on key ring. Return 1018 Rose street. 1 6 7

Cut Rate Shipping

CUT RATES on household goods to Pacific coast and other points, superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn. 9 12 14

FINANCIAL

FOURTH BUILDING ASSOCIATION paid and installment stock for sale. 9 12 14

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and diamonds. La Crosse Loan Co., 320 Main street, upstairs. 9 9 14

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

MILLER BROS., undertakers and embalmers. 320 Main. Phones 286. Open day and night.

Typewriter Ribbons

NEW TYPEWRITER RIBBONS, 35c. Half dozen \$1.75, while lot bought at bargain lasts. Regular 75c quality. W. V. Kidder, 114 North Fifth. Phone 56. 12 7 14

New York Money

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Money on call 2 per cent; time money 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 per cent for six months; prime mercantile 4 per cent; bar silver, London 22 7/8d; New York 48 1/8c; demand sterling 4.83 5/8 to 3/4.

Can you still remember the old fashioned woman who used to suggest a mustard poultice for whatever ailed you?

Comparative Markets

These Quotations Show the General Trend of Prices for the Previous Week

LIVESTOCK YESTERDAY

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 13.—Hogs—Receipts 41,000; market strong; higher; mixed and butchers \$6.65 to \$7.00; good heavy \$6.70 to \$6.95; rough heavy \$6.60 to \$6.70; light \$6.60 to \$6.95; pigs \$6.25 to \$6.50.

Cattle—Receipts 15,000; market slow; weak; beefs \$5.50 to \$5.90; cows and heifers \$3.10 to \$3.90; Texans \$5.00 to \$6.35; calves \$7.50 to \$10.25.

Sheep—Receipts 20,000; market steady to shade higher; native \$5.75 to \$6.65; western \$5.85 to \$6.65; lambs \$6.75 to \$8.75; western \$7.00 to \$8.80.

LIVESTOCK WEEK AGO

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 6.—Hogs—Receipts 50,000; market strong and shade higher; mixed and butchers \$6.95 to \$7.32 1/2; good heavy \$7.15 to \$7.25; rough heavy \$6.95 to \$7.05; light \$6.80 to \$7.30; pigs \$5.50 to \$7.15.

Cattle—Receipts 17,000; market slow and low; beefs \$5.50 to \$9.60; cows and heifers \$2.85 to \$7.90; Texans \$5.00 to \$6.40; calves \$7.50 to \$10.25.

Sheep—Receipts 25,000; market weak; native \$5.80 to \$6.75; western \$5.90 to \$6.75; lambs \$6.75 to \$8.75; western \$7.00 to \$8.75.

Grain

Yesterday Week Ago.

WHEAT—May 140 1/4 136 July 125 1/4 122 1/2

CORN—May 74 1/4 75 1/4 July 75 1/4 76 1/4

OATS—May 54 1/4 54 1/4 July 52 1/4 52 1/4

REAL ESTATE

FOR RENT Several new six room houses at \$12.50 a month each.

5 room flat, upper, 329 South Third street \$14.00

4 room flat, lower, 309 King street \$13.00

8 room house, modern except heating, 711 Pine street \$20.00

7 room modern house \$18.00

FOR SALE

3 story brick building, suitable for factory, wholesale or rooming, at a bargain.

9 room house, barn and shed, lot 54x170, 1734 Pine street, one block from normal school, at a bargain.

2 lots, 19th and Madison, cheap. Several lots in Hentges' addition, between 12th and 13th streets, at a bargain.

Lot 59x150 west avenue north, suitable for residence or business purpose.

C. F. KLEIN & SON General Insurance, Bonds, Loans, Notary Public, 310 Pearl Street, La Crosse, Wis.

DAILY MARKETS

Wholesale Fruit (Quoted by John C. Burns.)

Oysters, best standards, gal. \$1.10

Celery, Michigan 15, 20, 30c

Cider, steam refined, bbl. \$6.50

Cider, pure juice, bbl. \$6.00

Cider, crab apple cider, bbl. \$5.50

Cider, steam refined, half bbl. \$3.50

Cider, pure juice, half bbl. \$3.25

Cranberries, early blacks, bbl. \$5.50

Cranberries, Wis., bbl. \$5.50

Cranberries, Jerseys Sunrise, bbl. \$6.00

Cranberries, Jersey Dixie Keepers, bbl. \$5.50

Cranberries, Jersey Red Clover Fancy Reds, per bbl. \$5.75

Cranberries, Jerseys Golden Reds, Dark Red, bbl. \$6.60

Lemons, silver "Sunkist" box \$4.00

Lemons, Prairie Chicken Red ball, per box \$3.50

Oranges, Fancy Navels \$2.75

Oranges, Choice \$2.25

Bananas, bunch \$1.50

Grapes, green, keg \$2.75

Apples, 5 boxes, asstd. box \$1.25

Apples, barrels, N. Y. Baldwins, barrel \$3.00

Apples, barrels, Ben Davis, bbl. \$2.65

Onions, red or yellow, hd. \$2.00

Potatoes, per bu. \$6.00

Livestock

(By Farmers' Co-operative Packing Company.)

Hogs \$6.40 to \$6.60

Cows \$3.00 to \$5.00

Steers \$4.00 to \$6.00

Heifers \$3.50 to \$5.50

Sheep \$2.00 to \$3.50

Spring Lambs \$5.50 to \$6.25

Poultry

Chickens 10 to 10 1/2c

Turkeys 14 to 15c

Ducks 11c

Geese 10c

Lard, per pound 11 to 11 1/2c

Shoulders, per pound 12 1/2c

Picnics, per pound 12 1/2c

Bacon, per pound 16 to 22c

Hams, per pound 14 1/2 to 15 1/2c

Dried Beef, per pound 22 to 26c

Flour and Feed

(Quoted by Listman Mill Co.)

Patent, per barrel \$7.10

Straight, per barrel \$6.90

Bran, per ton, 100 lb. sacks \$26.00

Shorts, per ton, 100 lb. sacks \$27.00

White Middlings, per ton, 100 lb. sacks \$29.00

Red Dog, ton, 100 lb. sacks \$33.00

Grain

(Quoted by Thomas-Phalon Co.)

Corn 75 to 80c

Oats 38 to 42c

Wheat \$1.00 to \$1.05

Rye 80 to 82c

Barley 65 to 70c

Butter and Eggs

(Quoted by Hawley Co. Co.)

Creamery butter, pound .31 to .32c

Dairy butter, pound .28 to .30c

Eggs, fresh, per dozen .26c

Eggs, seconds, per dozen .22c

Cheese

(Quoted by Hy. Andereggs)

Fancy full cream twins .15 to .16c

Fancy full cream daisies .15 to .16c

Fancy full cream limburger .14 to .17c

Fancy full cream Swiss block .17c

Fancy full cream brick .13 to .15c

FOREIGN MARKETS

New York Stocks

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Price changes were unimportant at the opening of the stock market today.

There was only moderate activity.

11 a. m.—The market became very dull towards the end of the first hour. Goodrich Rubber advanced to 29 5/8, a new high for the present movement. Baltimore & Ohio sold at 70, a gain of 1 3/8 over the day's low.

Noon.—Copper stocks led in a brief spurt of activity shortly before noon, but there was another lapse into dullness almost immediately.

2 p. m.—The market was quiet in the early afternoon, but with a good tone. Studebaker sold up 1 1/2 at 40, a new high record. American Ice was up 1/2 over yesterday's close.

The stock market closed weak.

Chicago Livestock

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 14.—Hogs—Receipts 32,000; market slow and weak, to 5c lower; mixed and butchers \$6.60 to \$6.90; good heavy \$6.65 to \$6.80; rough heavy \$6.50 to \$6.60; light \$6.50 to \$6.85; pigs \$5.25 to \$6.80.

Cattle—Receipts 5,500; market steady to shade higher; beefs \$5.65 to \$9.50; cows and heifers \$3.25 to \$8.10; Texans \$5.20 to \$6.50; calves \$7.50 to \$10.50.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000; market slow; native \$5.70 to \$6.50; western \$5.75 to \$6.50; lambs \$6.75 to \$8.65; western \$5.90 to \$8.65.

Kansas City Livestock

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 14.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500; market steady; steers \$5.75 to \$9.25; cows and heifers \$4.50 to \$8.50; stockers and feeders \$6.00 to \$7.80; calves \$6.50 to \$10.25.

Hogs—Receipts \$6.50; market weak to 5c lower; bulk \$6.65 to \$6.80; heavy \$6.75 to \$6.85; medium \$6.70 to \$8.85; light \$6.60 to \$6.80.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000; market steady to weak; lambs \$8.10 to \$8.50; ewes \$5.25 to \$5.80; stockers and feeders \$4.50 to \$7.75.

Chicago Produce

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Butter—Extras 31c; firsts 27 to 28 1/2c; dairy extras 28 1/2 to 29c; firsts 27 to 27 1/2c.

Eggs—Prime firsts 37 to 38c; ordinary 35 to 36c.

Cheese—Twins 13 3/4 to 14c; Young Americas 14 1/2 to 14 3/4c.

DOERFLINGER'S.

YOU PAY LESS HERE

Just an Inkling of the Bargains in our China and Lamp Sale**½ Off on all our Electric Portables**

\$12 Electric Lamp at ...	\$6.00
\$15 Electric Lamp at ...	\$7.50
\$18.50 Electric Lamp at ...	\$9.25
\$25 Electric Lamp at ...	\$12.50
\$5.75 Electric Lamp at ...	\$2.88
\$6.95 Electric Lamp at ...	\$3.48
\$9.00 Electric Lamp at ...	\$4.50

½ Off on Dinner Sets

\$10 85 piece Dinner Set ...	\$5.00
\$12 93 piece Dinner Set ...	\$6.00
\$14 95 piece Dinner Set ...	\$7.00
\$18.50 100 piece Dinner Set ...	\$9.25
\$21.50 100 piece Dinner Set ...	\$10.75
\$25 100 piece Dinner Set ...	\$12.50
\$28.50 100 piece Dinner Set ...	\$14.25
\$35.50 100 piece Dinner Set ...	\$17.75

EXTRA SPECIAL

Women's, Misses' and Children's Knit Toques, Toboggan Hoods, Skating Caps, Auto Hoods, not a knit article in the lot that sold for less than 25c and as high as \$1.00, your choice for clearance sale, each **10c**

You Are Assured of Exceptional Bargains in our Clearance of Ready-To-Wear**Here Are Remarkable Bargains in FINE SUITS**

These Suits are in late models that are correct in style for spring; short coats with the new belted effects that are now so much in vogue.

A beautiful quality of Velour Suits, collars and cuffs trimmed in broad-tail, belt effects of broad-tail, a genuine \$37.50 Suit, clearance sale price

\$13.50

One Suit made of handsome quality Chiffon Broadcloth, button trimmed, a regular \$40 Suit. This is a large size, priced for this special January clearance sale at only

\$15.00

\$27.50 Women's Suits, clearance sale price only

\$10.00

\$25.00 Women's Suits, clearance sale price only

\$9.00**SHIRT WAISTS**

Not a Woman's Waist in our entire stock reserved. Every one has a cut price.

A big lot containing about 50 dozen, the regular 59c and 69c waists, every one a this fall's model, your choice for this one week at

25c

Another lot of \$1.25 and \$1.50 Waists, all new, regular spring styles, choice

89c

\$7.50 Waists, clearance price

\$4.98

\$5.00 Waists, clearance price—

\$3.75

\$3.50 Waists, clearance price—

\$2.63**A WAIST SALE**

A table piled high with all the late models of Women's Shirt Waists, in all sizes and colors, consisting of silks, lace, chiffon and net waists, all this fall's purchases, unrestricted choice of lot at just

1½ OFF**DOERFLINGER'S.**

YOU PAY LESS HERE

Seasonable Items from our Stationery Dept.**CANDLES**

Wax Candles, half sterile and half wax, each **7½c**
Altar brand pure Wax Candles, the well known brand, ¼ pound, each **10c**
Altar brand Candles, ½ pound size, each **20c**

PRAYER BOOKS

Key to Heaven, cloth bound, red edged, each **25c**
Key to Heaven, leather binding, gilt edge, each **49c**
Vest Pocket Manual, leather binding, gilt edge, each **75c**

ROSARIES

Pearl Rosaries, good size, at each **25c**
Pearl Rosaries, large size beads, each **50c**
Gold Rosaries, each in box, at **75c**
Gold Rosaries, guaranteed 5 years, each **98c**
Gold Rosaries, ten year guarantee, each **\$1.49**
Celluloid cover or leather binding Prayer Books, Crucifix in cover, each **98c**

Phenomenal Values in Highest Grade Skirts

Women's Skirts, tailoring the very best materials all wool in assorted materials, taken right from our stock; values ranging up to \$6.00, your choice of entire lot, clearance sale **\$1.98**

THE ELLIOTT LOEFFLER CO.**WHOLESALE Wines and Liquors**

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC MINERAL WATER, GINGER ALES, CLUB SODAS, BASS ALES, DUBLIN STOUT, ETC.

Full Line of Bar Glassware.
Both Phones 192.
222-224 Pearl Street

What has become of that old-fashioned smart alec who said he didn't chew his tobacco twice?



YOU know how tobacco chewers used to apologize for their tobacco when a friend wanted a chew. Now they are glad to tell their friends about "Right-Cut" because they know it's the *Real Tobacco Chew*.

A little chew of pure, rich, mellow tobacco—cut fine, short shred—seasoned and sweetened just enough, cuts out so much of the grinding and spitting.

Take a very small chew—less than one-quarter the old size. It will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just nibble on it until you find the strength chew that suits you. Tuck it away. Then let it rest. See how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies without grinding, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is the *Real Tobacco Chew*. That's why it costs less in the end.

It is a ready chew, cut fine and short shred so that you won't have to grind on it with your teeth. Grinding on ordinary candied tobacco makes you spit too much.

The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up with molasses and licorice. Notice how the salt brings out the rich tobacco taste in "Right-Cut."

One small chew takes the place of two big chews of the old kind.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY
50 Union Square, New York

BUY FROM DEALER OR SEND 10¢ STAMPS TO US

HIGHS RESPECT VIROQUA TOSSERS

Game Tomorrow Night with Vernon County Men Expected to Be Hard Fought

Although the game played at Viroqua turned out favorably to the La Crosse basketball team, Coach Horne does not expect the game of Friday evening to be a walkaway for the Red and Black team.

Viroqua has a strong team and is expected to give Horne's men a strong rub for the inter-city championship. During the last few practices the improvement in the team work of the local men has been rapid and the shooting has also showed improvement.

A dance will be held after the game. Other entertainments will also be provided.

SHUGRUE ADDS ONE MORE TO HIS LIST

Jersey City Fighter Wins Over Leach Cross Last Night at Madison Square

BY HAL SHERIDAN
(Written for the United Press.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Boxing critics, almost without a dissenting voice, today agreed that Joe Shugrue, the Jersey entry in the light-weight stakes, added another luster to his belt at Madison Square Garden last night in his bout with the veteran Leach Cross. Seven of the ten rounds were conceded Shugrue, two to Cross and the other was about even.

The milling was fast and furious over the whole route. Cross started out strong and had the edge in the first two rounds, but the Jerseyite warmed to his work and battered the veteran severely the rest of the way. Both men scored knock-downs, although Cross' was not so clean as that of his clever opponent.

According to dispatches received in New York today, Jack Johnson is going to find his way to Juarez, Mexico, where he is billed to swat wallops with Jess Willard, anything but a path of roses.

General Carranza has announced he will arrest the negro the moment he sets foot on Mexican soil and either have him deported as an undesirable alien or turned over to the United States marshals on requests for extradition.

There are only two avenues left for the Johnson party. That is to come in through a Pacific port, which would necessitate 2,500 extra miles, or to land in Central America and travel overland.

Carranza fears his arch enemy, General Villa, will get a cut of the spoils of the title clash.

FANATICAL FANCIES

The question was raised why so many of the younger members of the business men's league of the Y. M. C. A. were limping and hobbling along the downtown streets. The answer was suggested: "They have started to play basketball." Not sed.

Much depends on the Winona mass meeting, think supporters of baseball in La Crosse, on the possibility of securing a league team for this city. At the meeting, which is to be held tomorrow night, the plan for a league will probably be either accepted or rejected.

Joe Shugrue, Jersey City boxer, is undoubtedly one of the best light-weight millers in the land, considering his victory last night over the veteran, Leach Cross, in their ten round mix before the Madison Square Garden club. Shugrue, it is understood, had seven of the ten rounds, with two going to Cross. That Welsh feels the crown fitting his head loosely is the opinion of fight critics who have taken immensely to the work of Shugrue.

Preachers are buying automobiles, while reporters continue to walk. It's this kind of a thing that makes Socialists.

SPORTS**MAGNATES ANXIOUS TO END FED SUIT**

Conferences Held Continuously Deal with Speedy Termination of Federal Action

FEAR INTERFERENCE WITH TRAINING

Owners Want to Finish the Suit Before Spring Training Trips Start

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Organized baseball officials and magnates of the Federal circuit were agreed today on at least one thing. It was that there will be speedy settlement of the Federal suit against the national commission and the National and American leagues.

Everybody is obsessed with the one idea that the case must be gone through within jig time to permit ante-season training arrangements to be decided upon. Nobody wants the case to drag along until after the early spring training season starts, because of the tangled situation that might develop through a possible upheaval in baseball by the court's verdict.

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if you feel Backache or have Bladder Trouble

Meat forms uric acid which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then get fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive; harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder disease. Chas. A. Benschlag, Druggist, 503 Main St.

GUNDS WIN MATCH WITH LOTUS CLUB

Oscar Paulson Sets League Record with Average of 213-203 for the Three Games

In a match featured by the rolling of Oscar Paulson, the Gunds last night took three straight games from the Lotus club. Paulson bowled for scores of 203, 244 and 194, an average of 213 2-3, a league record. Williams rolled high score for the Losers with 214 in the last game.

The Cubs-Eagles Second's match, scheduled for Tuesday night, was rolled last evening, resulting in favor of the Cubs, who took two of the three games.

The scores:		
Gunds—		
Fred Alfeldt	173	140
Roehrer	196	179
Henry Alfeldt	214	170
Ulrich	182	147
Paulson	203	244
Totals	968	880
Lotus—		
Newburg	168	162
Williams	159	136
Freng	133	149
Tank	132	163
Rogstad	123	155
Totals	735	766
Cubs—		
Bollrud	155	166
Keifer	183	167
M. Mekvold	192	179
A. Mekvold	137	162
Thompson	171	156
Totals	838	844
Eagles No. 2—		
W. Klawitter	165	120
Burnett	171	159
Horn	176	174
Stannard	169	155
A. Klawitter	165	149
Totals	846	797

WINONANS DISCUSS PLAN FOR LEAGUE

A mass meeting of Winona baseball fans for the consideration of the founding of an eight club league to include La Crosse and Winona, will be held tomorrow evening at 7:30.

The outcome of the meeting will have much to do with the success of the proposition, as Winona was the place of the inception of the idea. Baseball followers in La Crosse predict that if the Winona men accept the proposition La Crosse will soon have a league club.

ADVANCED SENIORS DEFEATED BY SOPHS

For the second time this season the advanced seniors went down to defeat at the hands of the sophomores, the score being 10 to 9. The game was very close throughout and near the end was a tie. A lucky point on a free throw won the game for the sophs. The advanced seniors outplayed the second year men throughout the entire game but were unable to score time and again on account of poor shooting. The next game which the seniors will play will take place Friday evening as a preliminary to the Viroqua game. They will play the advanced juniors.

BASKET LEAGUE FORMED AT "Y"

Six Team League Replaces Old Four Team Organization; Will Play Games on Saturdays

A six team basketball league has been organized at the Y. M. C. A. The league is a continuation of the organization which closed its schedule shortly before the holidays.

The league is composed of the Sox, Subs, Giants, Tigers, Athletics and Cardinals, the last two teams being additions to the old four team league. They are captained respectively by Gagner, Ed Peterson, Walter Baritz, F. J. Pfafflin, Armand Tateur and Edward Fuhlbrugge.

Games of fifteen minute halves will be played Saturday nights starting at 7:30. The schedule for Saturday is: Sox vs. Cubs, Giants vs. Tigers, and Athletics vs. Cardinals.

It is planned that the schedule be played through twice, each team to play the other five in two games. The season, as now mapped out, will close early in April.

The object of play will be a banquet to be served the winning team at the close of the schedule and a pennant on which will be placed the names of the members of the championship winners. The pennant will be kept at the association.

JUNIOR LEAGUES BACK AT WORK

The five leagues in the All-Around Development league in the Boys' Department at the Y. M. C. A., Junior B minors, Junior B specials, Junior A, Intermediates and Employed Boys, have hit their stride after the holidays. New programs have been arranged for each of the leagues, including graded exercises and contests in the pool.

Probably the most difficult thing in the world to learn is to know thyself.

Curiosity gains you some information and more trouble.

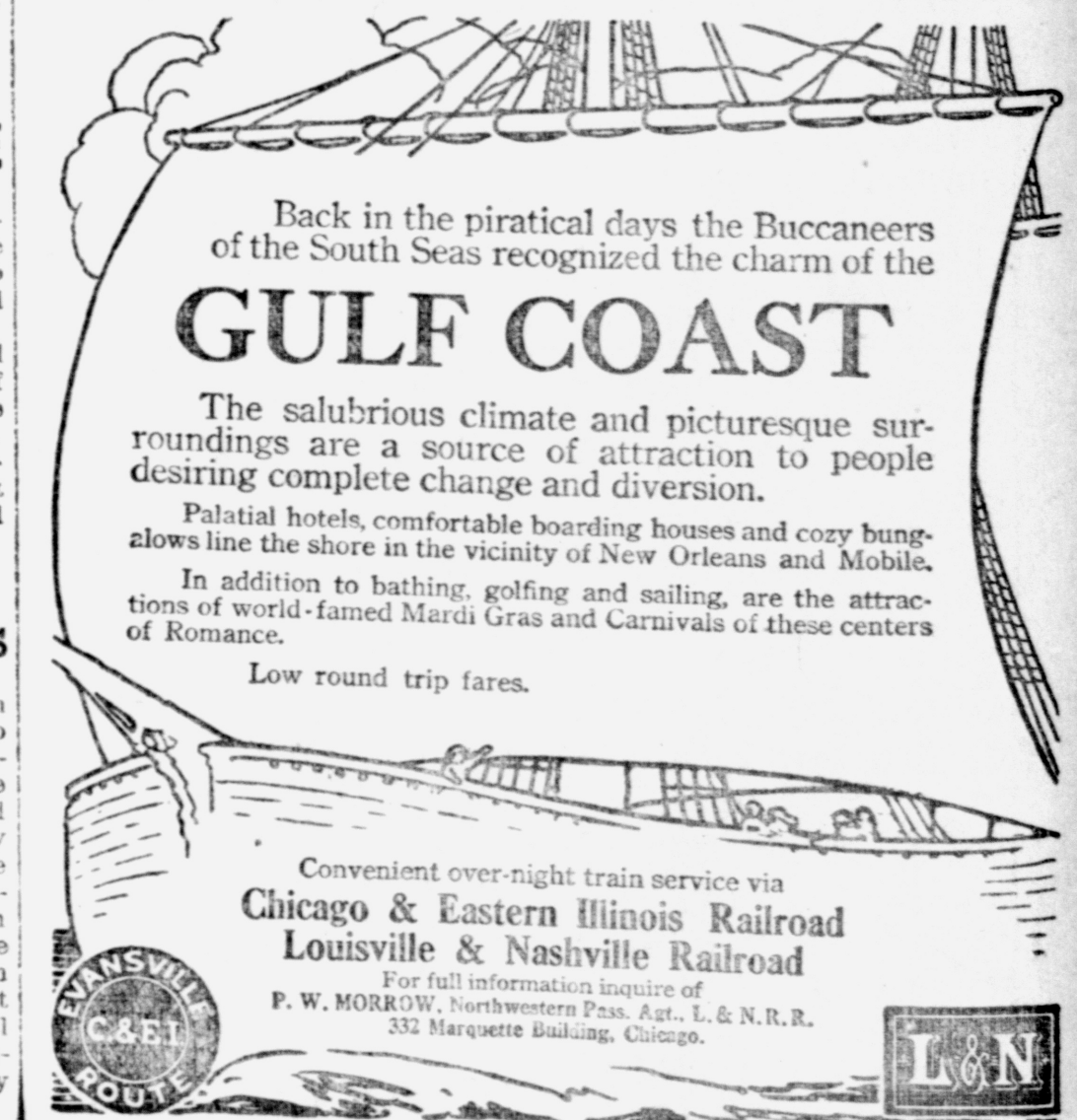
LA CROSSE THEATRE

Matinee 2:30 and Night 8:15
SUNDAY, JAN. 17th

**BEST SINGING CHORUS IN THE UNITED STATES.**

COMPANY OF 60 PEOPLE.
Prices: Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.
Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50.
Seats now selling. Phone.

Tonight, Seven Reel Program Feature.



Convenient over-night train service via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Louisville & Nashville Railroad